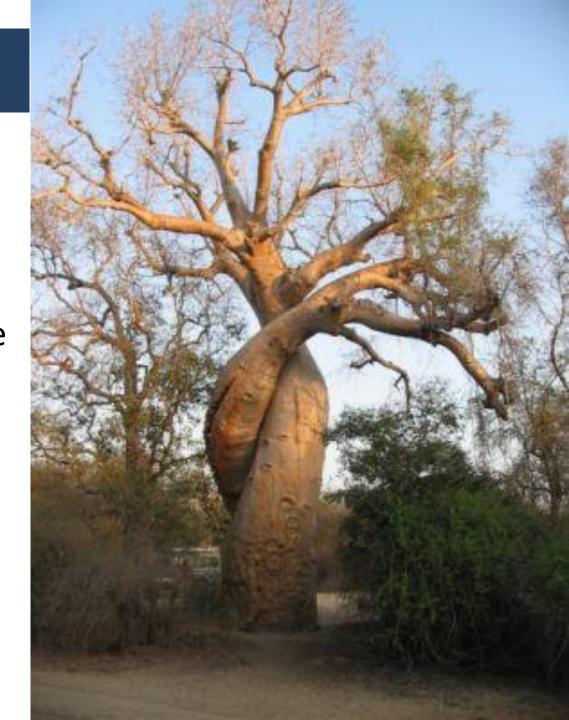


Presentation contents

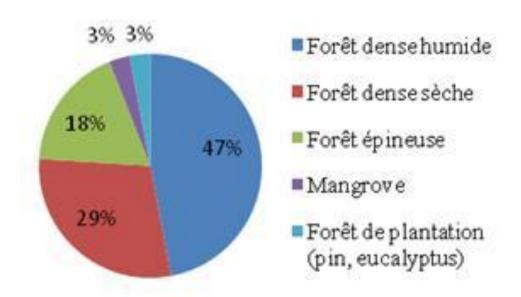
- I. General context
- II. R-PP process
- III. Key elements for the REDD readiness preparation
- IV. Conclusion and perspectives





Various forest ecosystems and high but declining deforestation rate

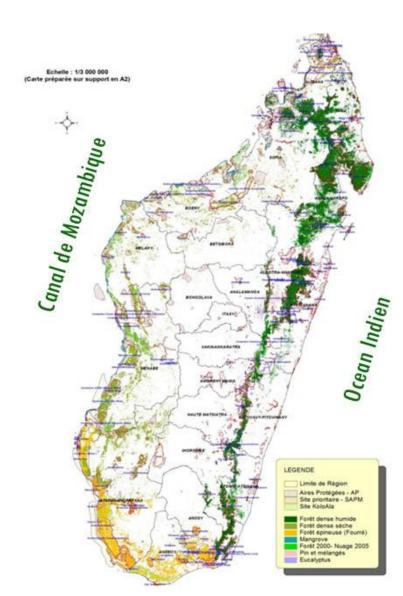
Forest cover : 9.5 million ha (16%)



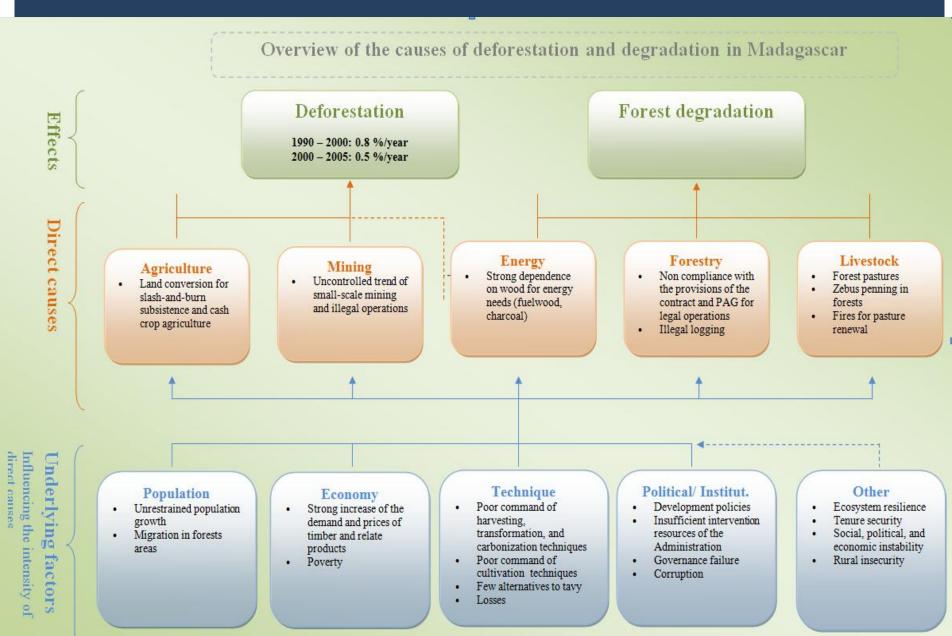
• Annual deforestation rate:

- 1990-2000 : 0,83%

- 2000-2005 : 0,53%



Causes of deforestation and degradation



Madagascar: a REDD country?

Strengths:

- ✓ reduction in deforestation rates,
- ✓ low opportunity costs,
- √ unique biodiversity,
- ✓ community management of forest resources,
- √ new models of protected areas,
- ✓ ongoing land tenure reform,
- √ 5 demonstration REDD projects in progress (including carbon transactions)

Opportunities:

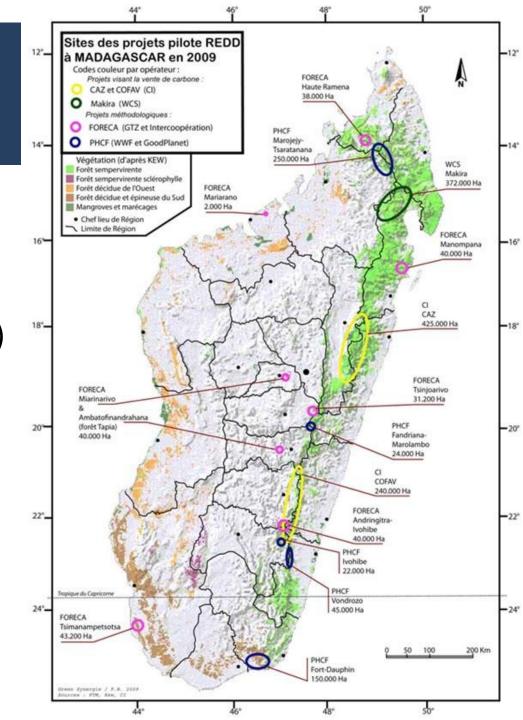
- ✓ reinforcement of the fight against deforestation and poverty,
- ✓ new financing sources
- ✓ support to ongoing and new policy reforms,

CT-REDD in place and active



REDD projects experiences

- 5 demonstration and experimentation projects
- 1,75 million d'ha of forest
 (250.000 à 500.000 ha /projet)
- Methodologies
- Local and National Reference scenario being prepared
- Incentives at community level
- Carbon credit transactions
- National capacity on carbon



Specific Constraints

- Sociopolitical crisis since January 2009: R-PP preparation has been delayed due to blockages in funds mobilization
- Worsening of forest governance situation, with illegal exploitation and exportation of precious wood

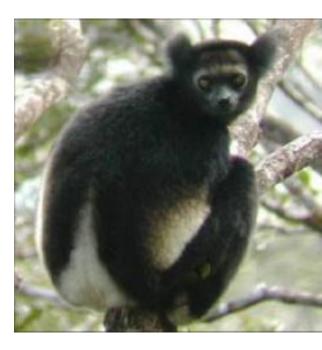


II. Madagascar R-PP process



From La Lopé to Washington

- January 2010 : First informal submission
 - Presentation at FCPF PC5
 - Remarks from TAP, PC, WB and others
- Revisions led by CT-REDD
 - Stakeholders consultations
 - At regional level
 - At national level
 - National validation workshop
 - Draft made available online for comment
 - Review Committee
- Informal submission to FCPF on August 2010
 - Remarks from TAP and WB
 - New discussions and correction
- Final draft October 2010 to be informally presented at FCPF PC7



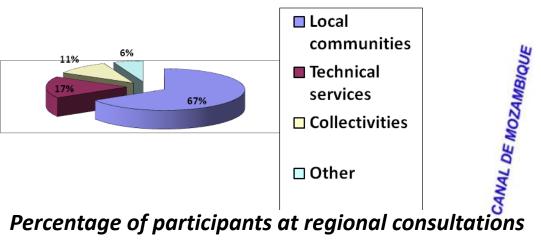
Main realizations in the REDD process in past six months

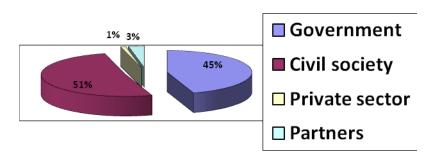
- Stakeholder consultation at national and regional levels
- Capitalization on existing REDD demonstration projects
- Continued engagement of CT-REDD

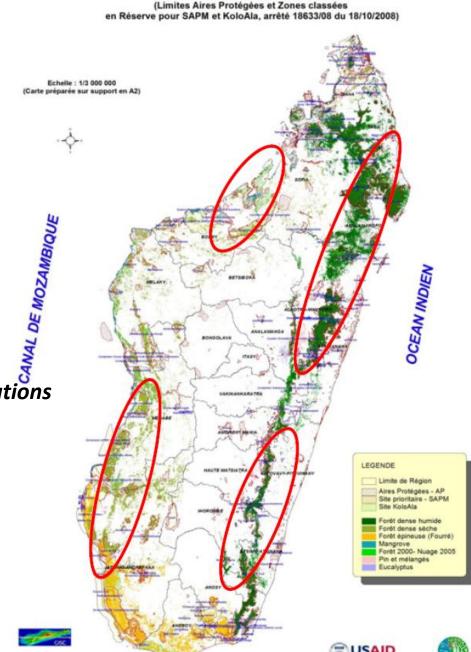




R-PP based on the results of Stakeholders consultation







COUVERTURE FORESTIERE 2005

The National REDD Technical Committee (CT-REDD)

Ministries: Environment and Forests, Agriculture, Energy, Mining, Decentralisation and Land planning, Transport, Industry, Foreign Affairs, Meteo

National agencies and NGO: ONE, MNP, ONESF, ESSA-Forêts, SAGE...

Environmental Foundations: Tany Meva, FAPBM,

Technical and financial partners: World Bank, UNDP, CI, WWF, WCS, GTZ-PGME, Intercooperation, USAID

Civile society: Voahary Gasy, Simiralenta (réseau genre),

- → CT-REDD is co-leaded by DGF and ONE
- → CT-REDD is an informal facility
- → Extension is ongoing: private sector, local communities, regions, universities and research agencies...

Main changes since August 2010

Institutional arrangements

- Modifications to the REDD Management arrangements (redifinition of roles and responsibilities of U-REDD and PCP-REDD+, new annex)
- Clarification of arrangements to reach multi-sectoral coordination →
 Assessment of CIME to be done

Strategy and Implementation Framework

- In depth discussion on forest governance challenges
- Modification of the REDD Strategy Options → emphasis on developing alternatives to deforestation
- Reduction of intervention directions
- Differentiated management and access to natural resources by the inclusion of marginalized groups of people
- More resources allocated to strategy development

MRV

- Precision on institutional arrangements for the national MRV system
 - ONE to play a leading role

III. key elements of the REDD readiness preparation



The three levels of the Readiness management arrangement



SESA based on existing framework

- Compliance system (MECIE)
- Safeguard procedure framework,
- Strategical Environmental Assessment (SEA) guidelines
- Consultations are ongoing within the SAPM (Madagascar Protected Areas System) setting up and natural resources management transfer etc.





Development steps of strategy options

Assessment of the causes of deforestation

Adjust strategik otpions and intervention direction

Detailed assessment of each intervention direction.

Combination in a scenario

Provisional strategy options

Improve the governance of the forest sector

Manage access to forest areas

develop deforestation alternatives

Selected strategy directions

characterized, spa tialized, and selected intervention direc tions based on real deforestation factors

Debates on the key principles of carbon governance started

Developed national REDD+ strategy

at national level as policies, strategie, reg ulations, integration in existing programs

> at regional level, as priority programs to be promoted in high potential areas

REDD+ Implementation

Main institutional arrangements in place

regulatory strategy, policy, a nd arrangement in place

priority activities ongoing

year1

midyear1 midyear 2 end year 3

Setting up the implementation framework

Principles

- National approach
- Results-based incentives
- Transparency
- Optimization of existing structures
- Efficiency and equity

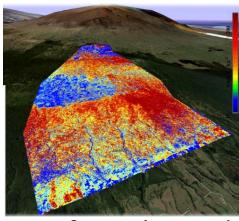


The two phases

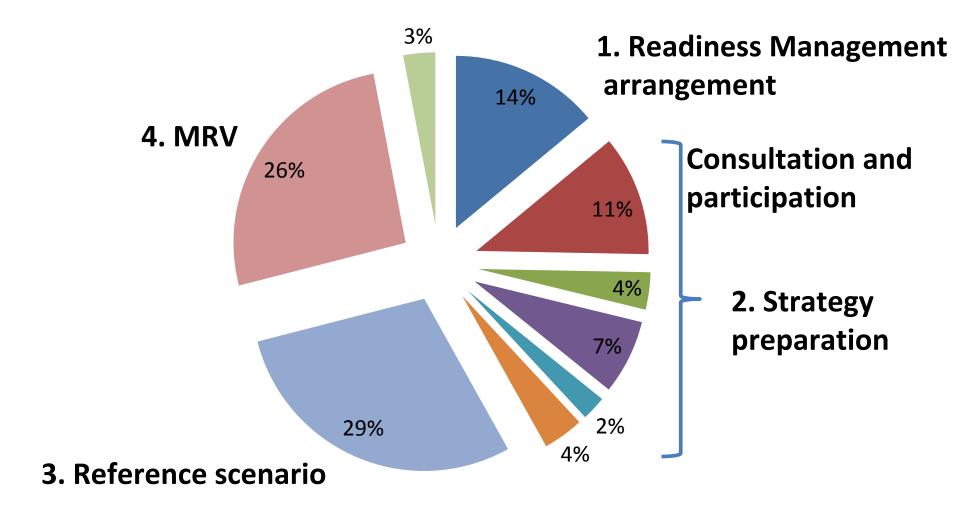
- Preliminary vision of the framework,
- Governance institutional framework, including:
 - Inter-sectoral coordination and resolution of potential conflicts,
 - Sharing of responsibilities, and
 - Studies on the needed institutional and legal reforms.

Some methodological considerations

- Forest definition to be reviewed
- Assessment of the historical deforestation and degradation using satellite image and CLASlite
- Estimation of carbon stock in the aboveground biomass by the LIDAR technology
- Development of allometric equations and field surveys
- The MRV system will include five aspects:
 - carbon (emissions/removals),
 - drivers of deforestation/degradation,
 - other benefits,
 - environmental and social impacts
 - governance
- The system will include data reporting and validation of results and will be declined at three levels: national, regional, and local.



Budget distribution



IV. Conclusion and perspectives

- ✓ Madagascar remains engaged in the REDD and the FCPF processes
- ✓ Readiness preparation continue despite the sociopolitical conditions ⇒statu quo R-PP and idea IR-PP
- ✓ Regional cooperation is encouraged
- √ Comments are welcome



In the meantime...

Some available resources

- Support from the EP III (World Bank)
- Others Partners (incl. bilateral cooperation)

Some activities will be launched

- MRV and reference scenario
 - Forest definition
 - Methodological test
 - Allometric equations establishment
 - Indicators systems review
 - Reporting system development
 - Capacity building
- "Recherche-actions" (participative monitoring, revenue sharing, forest management...)
- SESA guide formulation
- Readiness management arrangement operationalization
- Communication on R-PP document



