



Verification Report

Version [3.0] [May 28, 2021]

[Document Prepared by]





Forest Carbon Partnership Facility (FCPF) Carbon Fund

Verification Report (VER)

ER Program Name and Country	Zambézia Integrated Landscape Management Program (ZILMP) Republic of Mozambique
Reporting Period Covered In this Report	01-01-2018 to 31-12-2018
Number of FCPF ERs	2,040,904.5
Number of ERs allocated to the Uncertainty Buffer	130,827.2
Number of ERs allocated to the Reversal Buffer	941,955.9
Number of ERs allocated to the Pooled Reversal Buffer	156,992.7
Name of the VVB	Aster Global Environmental Solutions, Inc.
Contact information of the VVB	Name: Aster Global Environmental Solutions Contact: Janice McMahon Phone: +1 330.294.1242 ext. 102 Email: jmcmahon@asterglobal.com Address: 3800 Clermont St. NW North Lawrence, OH 44666
Report Version	V3.0
Date of the Verification Report	28 May 2021
Report Approved by	Shawn McMahon



1. VERIFICATION STATEMENT

The review and cross-check of explanations and justifications included in the Monitoring Report dated [18-05-2021] and supporting documents have provided Aster Global Environmental Solution, Inc.'s (herein referred to as Aster Global) with sufficient evidence to determine with a reasonable level of assurance the compliance of the reported information with the FCPF Methodological Framework, the Validation and Verification Guidelines and other applicable normative documents.

The scope covered by the verification includes the ER Program's crediting [01-01-2018 to 31-12-2024], the reporting period [01-01-2018 to 12-31-2018], the accounting area [5,310,265 hectares], the REDD Country Participant's Forest Monitoring System, the national REDD+ Programs and Projects Data Management System and the following GHG sources, sinks, REDD+ activities and carbon pools:

Sources/Sinks/Reservoirs	REDD+ Activities (sources and sinks) Emissions from deforestation – included Emissions from forest degradation – excluded Enhancement of carbon stocks – excluded Sustainable management of forests – excluded Conservation of carbon Stocks – excluded
	Carbon Pools Aboveground biomass in tress – included Belowground biomass in trees – included Biomass in non-woody vegetation – excluded Dead organic matter – excluded Soil organic carbon – excluded
	GHG CO2 - included CH4 – excluded N2O - excluded

During the verification process, the audit team issued findings as specified in the FCPF Validation and Verification Guidelines v2.3 Section 11. The VVB issued Major Corrective Actions (MCARs), Minor Corrective Actions (mCARs), and Observations (OBS).

A total of 50 MCARs, 0 mCARs and 1 Observation were raised as part of the verification process. All of the 50 MCARs were successfully addressed by the ER Program and closed by the VVB, and 1 Observation remains open. These findings are described in Appendix 1 of this report.

Aster Global is able to verify with a reasonable level of assurance that the Emisions Reductions generated by Zambézia Integrated Landscape Management Program (ZILMP), quantified in accordance with the verification criteria, amount to 3,270,680.3 tonnes CO_2 equivalent. Aster Global verified that the uncertainty buffer ERs amount to 130,827.2 tonnes of CO_2 equivalent and that the non-permanence ERs amount to 1,098,948.6. The amount of FCPF Units to to be issued would be 2,040,904.5 tCO₂e. There are no uncertainties associated with the verification conclusion.

Janice memphon

Statement Issuing Date: 28 May 2021

Intended User: [World Bank Group, FCPF Carbon Fund Participants]

TEAM LEADER: Shawn McMahon LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Janice McMahon

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2. AGREEMENT

2.1 Level of Assurance

The level of assurance determined the depth of detail that the verification team used to determine if there were any errors, omissions, or misrepresentations. Aster Global assessed the ZILMP's implementation of general principles, data collection and processing, sampling/monitoring descriptions, documentation, calculations, etc., to provide *reasonable assurance* to meet the requirements of the FCPF Carbon Fund and to satisfy the professional judgement of the audit team.

Based on the previous provisions and considering the findings raised during the audit, a positive evaluation statement reasonably ensures that the FCPF Program GHG assertion is materially correct and is a fair representation of the GHG data and information provided in the ER Monitoring Report and supporting documents.

2.2 Objectives

As outlined in the Validation and Verification Guidelines (VVG) - (Section 8.2), the general objectives of the partial validation/ verification of the ZILMP include the following:

- "Review of the ER Monitoring Report and supporting information to confirm the correctness of presented information;
- Identify if the methodological steps and data are publicly available in accordance with applicable criteria;
- Assess whether the start date of the crediting period proposed by the ER Program is in compliance with the definition provided in the FCPF Glossary of terms;
- Assess the extent to which reported ERs /Reference Level have been reported with a transparent
 and coherent step-by-step process that enables reconstruction and have meet the requirements
 of applicable criteria;
- Assess the extent to which the reported GHG emissions / Emission Reductions / Reference Level
 (or the revised Reference Level if technical corrections are applied) is materially accurate, i.e.
 free of material misstatements, errors or omissions;
- Identify source(s) of Uncertainty due to both random and systematic errors related with the Reference Level setting and any sources of bias that can impact the estimate of the Total ERs, and determine whether the ER Program has conducted the Uncertainty analysis in compliance applicable criteria;
- Assess the Forest Monitoring System of the ER Program and validate that there are controls for sources of potential errors, omissions, and misstatements in place;
- Identify components of the Forest Monitoring System that require attention and/or adjustment in future monitoring and reporting or identify areas of risk of future noncompliance."¹

Similarly, as outlined in the Validation and Verification Guidelines (VVG) - (Section 8.2), the specific objectives of verification of the ZILMP include the following:

- "Assess the extent to which the methodologies and methods used to estimate GHG emissions and removals during the Reporting Period are consistent with the Reference Level and with the Monitoring Plan as described in the ER Monitoring Report;
- Assess the extent to which the ER Monitoring Report includes a complete and accurate report, to the extent possible, on the implementation of its strategy to mitigate and/or minimize potential Displacement and on any on changes in major drivers in the ER Accounting Area;

¹ Forest Carbon Partnership Facility, Validation and Verification Guidelines, Version 2.3, March 2021 (Section 8.2)



- Assess the extent to which the ER Monitoring Report contains a complete and accurate report
 on the mitigation, to the extent possible, of significant risks of Reversals identified in the
 assessment, and addresses the sustainability of ERs;
- Determine whether the ER Program has quantified ERs allocated to the Uncertainty, Reversal, and Pooled Reversal Buffer during the Reporting Period in compliance with the Methodological Framework and other applicable criteria;
- Assess the extent to which systems to avoid that ERs generated under the ER Program have not been counted or compensated for more than once have been adequately implemented and confirm that issuance has not occurred in other known registries;
- Determine whether the national or centralized REDD+ Programs and Projects Data Management System are implemented and operated in compliance with the Methodological Framework and other applicable criteria."²

2.3 Criteria

The criteria included the following normative documents provided by the FCPF:

- FCPF Methodology Framework, Version 3, April 2020
- Buffer Guidelines, Version 2, April 2020
- Guidelines on the application of the Methodological Framework Numbers 1 4,
- FCPF Guidelines on Uncertainty Analysis 2020
- Process Guidelines, Version 5, April 2020
- FCPF Validation and Verification Guidelines, Version 2.3, March 2021
- FCPF Glossary of Terms Version 2, January 2021
- ISO 14064-3:2006
- ISO 14065:2013
- ISO 14066:2011
- IAF MD 6:2014
- Forms and templates as published and available by FCPF
- Training Presentations presented by FCPF

Criteria Indicators	Topic	Partial Validation	Verification
6	Data availability	X	Х
7, 8, 9.1	Identification and address sources of uncertainty	Х	Х
9.2, 9.3	Estimation of residual uncertainty		Х
14.1	Consistency of monitoring estimates with Reference Level		Х
17.3, 17.4	Monitoring and reporting of displacement mitigation		Х
18.2	Addressing reversals		Х
19	Account for reversals		Х
22	Calculation of Emission Reductions		Х
23	Double counting		Х
37	REDD project and program DMS		Х

Version 1.1, November 2020

² ibid



2.4 Scope

The general scope of the verification includes:

- Crediting period of the ER Program
- The applicable ER Program Reporting Period (verification)
- The GHG sources and sinks associated with the REDD+ activities accounted for as required by the Methodological Framework
- The carbon pools and greenhouse gases to be accounted for as required by the Methodological Framework
- The REDD Country Participant's Forest Monitoring System as described in the ER Monitoring Report
- The national or centralized REDD+ Programs and Projects Data Management System.

2.5 Materiality

Materiality is a concept that the individual or aggregation of errors and omissions which could affect the GHG assertion and the decisions of the intended users. Materiality was also used as part of the Verification and Sampling and Audit Plan designs, to determine the type of verification processes used by Aster Global to minimize the risk of not detecting a material misstatement. As specified in the Validation and Verification Guidelines (VVG) - (Section 8.5), the threshold for quantitative materiality is 1%.

The verification process based on the desk review found that there are not quantitative or qualitative material discrepancies affecting the GHG assertion or leading to overestimations of the reported GHG emissions and removals.



3. METHODOLOGY AND PLANNING

3.1 Verification team

	Activities					
Name	Role	Desk review	Site visit	Reporting	Supervisi on	Technical review
Janice McMahon	 Project Manager/Planning/Team Coordination/ QAQC 			Х	Х	Х
Shawn McMahon	 Team leader, Lead Validator / Verifier, AFOLU Specialist / Desktop Review / Site Visit/ client communications/ 	х		х	Х	
Matthew Perkowki	 Technical Expert, Forest Biometrician / Team Member 	Х		Х		
Eric Jaeschke	 Technical Expert, Remote Sensing and GIS Specialist Team Member 	Х		Х		
Caitlin Sellers	 Independent Peer Reviewer (Technical Review) 					Х
Natalie Hammer	 Executive Services Administrator / Resource Manager 				Х	
Taek Joo Kim	 Technical Expert, Forest Biometrician / Team Member 	Х		Х		
Mansfield Fisher	Project Forester / Trainee / Team Member	Х		х		
David Shoch	REDD+ Technical Expert/Team Member	Х				



3.2 Verification schedule

Val/Ver Activity/Milestone	Content (Explanation)	Proposed Delivery Date	
Kick Off Call	Kick-off the partial validation and verification of Mozambique's' ZILMP program	17 September 2020	
Draft audit plan and hold meeting with FMT and Mozambique ER Program representatives	Draft audit plan submitted for review and approval – note that based on ISO 14064 and 14065 the final audit plan must be signed by the ER Program Entity	22 September 2020	
VVB Initial Desk Review	Initial desk review to include preliminary review of documentation provided to inform our risk assessment and inputs into the Sampling Plan. If preliminary findings are discovered or documents are missing, Aster Global will notify FMT and ER Program Entity	06 October 2020	
Sampling Plan hold meeting with FMT and Mozambique ER Program representatives	Sampling Plan submitted for review and approval – note that based on ISO 14064 and 14065 the final sampling plan must be signed by the ER Program Entity	13 October 2020	
Aster Global starts desktop review	VVB conducts desktop review and generates Findings as they proceed	13 October 2020	
Logistics Meeting to discuss virtual logistics	Alternative plans for conducting a virtual site visit	27 October 2020	
Calculation walkthrough for Reference Level and Emission Factors Meeting	The validation team met with all members of the MRV Unit to discuss calculations related to the Reference Level which included but was not limited to activity data generation, sampling design, LULC classification, emission factor estimation.	3 November 2020	
Remote Sensing/Monitoring, Reporting and Verification Activity Data Meeting	The validation team met with all members of the MRV Unit to discuss aspects of the remote sensing analysis performed to collected activity data, remote sensing analysis as it relates to monitoring.	5 November 2020	
Meeting about Emission Factors	The validation team met with all members of the MRV Unit to discuss calculations related to estimating emission factors, sources of Tier 1 emission factors, and sampling design of the National Forest Inventory	5 November 2020	
Aster Global Issues Round 1 Findings	Aster Global Issues Round 1 Findings	15 December 2020	
Round 1 Findings Meeting	After Mozambique ER Program representatives and FMT have a chance to	21 December 2020	



	review the findings, Aster Global will hold a meeting to clarify any questions	
Round 1 Findings Meeting (2)	Follow up meeting to original round 1 findings meeting	29 January 2021
Mozambique ER Program representatives provide responses to Round 1 Findings and updated documents	Updated documentation, evidence and Findings responses provided to Aster Global	11 February 2021
Aster Global Completes Review of Round 1 Responses	Review of updated documentation, evidence, and finding responses provided to Aster Global	5 March 2021
Aster Global Issues Round 2 Findings	Aster Global Issues Round 2 Findings	25 March 2021
Mozambique ER Program representatives provide responses to Round 2 Findings and updated documents	Updated documentation, evidence and Findings responses provided to Aster Global	16 April 2021
Aster Global Issues Round 3 Findings	Aster Global Issues Round 3 Findings	27 April 2021
Mozambique ER Program representatives provide responses to Round 3 Findings and updated documents	Updated documentation, evidence and Findings responses provided to Aster Global	29 April 2021
Aster Global drafts validation and verification report and submits to peer reviewer	Aster Global prepares draft validation and verification plans using FCPF templates	11 May 2021
Draft validation and verification reports are updated as needed and provided to the FMT and Mozambique ER Program representatives for review	Aster Global makes updates to reports as needed after the Technical Reviewer is finished and then drafts are submitted to FMT and ER Program representatives	24 May 2021
Aster Global holds validation and verification closing meeting	After all representatives have had a chance to review, Aster Global will hold the closing meeting to review comments/suggestions about the draft reports and discuss feedback about the overall process.	25 May 2021
Aster Global issues final validation and verification report and statement (opinion)	ER Program is complete	25 May 2021

3.3 Methodology description

Desktop Review:

The desktop verification component included a full review of all ER Program documentation/calculations received from the ER Program against the requirements and criterion of the FCPF Methodological Framework. The review focused on the ER Program Documents relative to the highest risk elements and complimented by interviews with program staff. ER Program details, implementation status, data and parameters, and quantification of GHG emission reductions and removals were thoroughly examined. Key



supporting documents were also reviewed. These included, but were not limited to, monitoring data [i.e., remote sensing/Geographic Information System (GIS) data], Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs), geospatial boundaries, maps and aerial images, biomass and carbon calculations for emission sources/sinks, and overall the results of the MRV (Monitoring, Reporting, and Verification) system.

Review of the program documentation and elements as part of the desktop review included, but was not limited to, assessment of the following aspects of the ER Program:

- Current conditions, for example the presence of deforestation and degradation, emissions factor adjustments, forest characteristics and reported biomass volume (above- and/or below-ground)
- Confirmed operational, data collection procedures and monitoring methods were implemented in accordance with the Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) as they are written
- Reviewed all program and strata boundaries (where applied), both geospatially and physically demarcated
- Interviewed management team, including a series of interviews with in-country staff that support the mission of the ER Program
- Confirmed organizational structure and operation
- Confirmed data management, compilation, and storage
- Confirmed the information flows for collection, collation and reporting of the monitoring parameters
- Confirmed the quality control and quality assurance procedures are in place

Remote Sensing

The ER Program Entity utilized remote sensing tools, including a satellite and land monitoring system, to produce estimates of the reference level and to generate the activity data. Geospatial data forms the basis for biomass and deforestation accounting estimates across landscapes and therefore program integrity depends on a robust remote sensing assessment. The scope of the remote sensing review included *inter alia* the following:

- Expert judgement evaluation of remote sensing methods and implementation results
- Data selection suitability review: assessment of the quality of acquired satellite data including review of minimum standards for remotely sensed analysis
- Review of classification results from Collect Earth including independent ground reference points as an indicator for accuracy
- Assessment of the monitoring approach including data and methods
- Review of monitoring assumptions for inferences made using remotely sensed data and completeness checks on the analysis of drivers of emissions and removals
- Review of uncertainty propagation
- Selected independent data checks on analysis including for example, accuracy assessment generation, classification results

Aster Global follows ISO 14064-3 and our management systems manual to apply a risk-based approach to the remote sensing review, concentrating on the likely sources of material misstatements. Aster Global is performing the assessment of the ZILMP compliance against the FCPF Methodological Framework requirements and associated guidelines (as applicable) with respect to remote sensing.

Based upon the information and documentation received from the ER Program Entity, the verification team completed our Strategic Analysis and Risk Assessment (SARA). SARA is a risk assessment that includes strategic analysis to make sure the V/V Team have considered:

- Regulatory requirements
- GHG program requirements
- Industry factors
- And other non-technical risks (i.e., health and security issues)

The verification assessed the program's compliance with FCPF Methodological Framework Version 3, FCPF normative documents applicable to Validation and Verification, and all associated updates. The



Verification Team assessed the Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emission reductions for the reporting period/verification period (01 January 2018 – 31 December 2018). The Verification Team assessed whether the ZILMP adequately addressed ER Program emissions and unplanned reductions in carbon stocks.

The non-permanence risk analysis was assessed for this verification. The objectives of the verification exercise were to evaluate the MR and assess:

- The extent to which methods and procedures, including monitoring procedures, have been implemented in accordance with the validated project description (Annex IV of the ER Monitoring Report). This includes ensuring conformance with the monitoring plan.
- The extent to which GHG Emission Reductions or Removals reported in the MR are materially accurate.

The criteria followed the verification guidance documents provided by FCPF. Unless otherwise indicated, the assessment was performed against the most recent version of the relevant FCPF guidance documents. In the verification process, there is a risk that potential errors, omissions, and misrepresentations will be found; therefore, a risk-based approach was used to guide the collection of appropriate and sufficient evidence to support a *reasonable* level of assurance. A risk-based approach means the verification team focused on items that might result in a material misstatement of the reported GHG assertion.

ER Program-specific Verification and Sampling Plan and Audit Plans were developed to guide the verification auditing process to ensure efficiency and effectiveness. The purpose of these documents was to present a risk assessment for determining the nature and extent of verification procedures necessary to ensure the risk of auditing error was reduced to a *reasonable* level. The Verification and Sampling Plan and Audit Plan methodologies were derived from all items in our verification process stated above. Specifically, these documents utilized the FCPF guidance documents and ISO 14064-3. Any modifications applied to the Verification and Sampling Plan and Audit Plan were made based upon the conditions observed for monitoring to detect the processes with highest risk of material discrepancy.

The desktop verification component included a full review of all ER Program documentation and calculations received from the ER Program Entity as described throughout this report.

3.4 Review of documentation

A detailed review of all documentation was conducted to ensure consistency with and identify any deviation from FCPF program requirements.

Initial review focused on the Monitoring Report (MR), and included an examination of the details, implementation status, data and parameters, and quantification of GHG emission reductions and removals. Along with a review of the MR, selected documentation was requested, provided, and subsequently reviewed for consistency, accuracy, and appropriateness with regard to FCPF Methodological Framework and associated requirements. Documents reviewed included, but were not limited to, property boundaries, financial analyses, Non-Permanence Risk Analysis, maps and aerial images, data from monitoring, biomass and carbon calculation spreadsheets, and responses to Major and/or Minor CARs. The process of verification involved three formal rounds of assessment by the verification team and resulted in a MR that was in conformance with FCPF rules.

Please see Appendix 2 for a complete list of documents received and reviewed by Aster Global.

3.5 REDD Country Visit

As a result of the COVID-19 global pandemic, associated travel restrictions, and in consideration of the health of the verification team, client's staff, and ER Program participants, the verification team was unable to travel to Mozambique for a Country Visit. Aster Global has developed Virtual Site Visit Procedures that allowed the verification team to reach a *reasonable* level of assurance regarding the ZILMP's compliance with FCPF program documents (as described in Section 2.3 of this report).



Our Virtual Site Visit Procedures have been prepared in consideration of IAF Informative Document for Management of Extraordinary Events or Circumstances Affecting ABs, CABs and Certification Organizations (Issue 1, IAF ID 3: 2011, 08 November 2011), IAF Mandatory Document For The Use of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) For Auditing/Assessment Purposes (Issue 2, IAF MD 4:2018, 04 July 2018), and ANAB Accreditation Rule 9 (Issue Date 01 January 2014). This procedure is not implemented in the sole discretion of Aster Global but in coordination with each protocol/registry/program/standard and the guidance (if provided) they have provided during an extraordinary events or circumstances.

Definitions are provided to assist the reader.

<u>Extraordinary Events or Circumstances</u>: As defined by IAF ID 3:2011, a circumstance beyond the control of Aster Global or the clients, commonly referred to as an "act of God". Examples include, but are not limited to, hurricanes, flooding, tsunamis, earthquakes, volcanoes, threats of terrorism, malicious computer hacking, geopolitical tension, pandemic diseases, and crippling labor strikes, or other manmade / natural disasters.

Examples of the use of ICT during audits/assessments may include but are not limited to:

- Meetings by means of teleconference facilities, including audio, video, and data sharing
- Audit/assessment of documents and records by means of remote access, either synchronously (in real time) or asynchronously (when applicable)
- Recording of information and evidence by means of still video, video, or audio recordings
- Providing visual/audio access to remote or potentially hazardous locations

<u>Information and Communication Technology (ICT)</u>: As defined by IAF MD 4:2018, ICT is the use of technology for gathering, storing, retrieving, processing, analyzing, and transmitting information. It includes software and hardware such as smartphones, handheld devices, laptop computers, desktop computers, drones, video cameras, wearable technology, artificial intelligence, and others. The use of ICT may be appropriate for auditing/assessment both locally and remotely.

<u>Virtual Site Visit</u>: Conducting the virtual site visit using ICT without physically going onsite and still being able to reach a *reasonable* level of assurance. As defined by IAF MD 4:2018, virtual location where a client organization performs work or provides a service using an on-line environment allowing persons irrespective of physical locations to execute processes.

The procedures of the ICT document were followed to determine a normalized verification process. The COVID-19 global pandemic has made it difficult to ensure the (or protect) safety and health of our employees, subcontractors, client's staff, and ER Program participants. The audit team determined that multiple audit activities can be conducted in a remote manner as the evidence needed to reach *reasonable* assurance is primarily digital in nature for this specific review. Regular coordination is handled via email and MS Teams, Skype or similar internet-enabled calling with the appropriate parties. An assessment of risk (on a ER Program basis) as to whether a virtual site visit can be conducted or if local subcontractors can be added to the verification team is captured by the SARA table embedded within the Audit Plan. The following subset of topics are assessed for Virtual Site Visit:

What is being assessed	Type of ICT Used	Techniques Required to Reach Reasonable Assurance
Monitored Data and Parameters	Hard copy and screen-share of calculation worksheets, remotely sensed data, live stream video teleconferencing (MS Teams, WebEx, Zoom, related) walkthroughs, conference calls	Confirm appropriate default factors, parameters, formulas, and related inputs for calculations through independent data checks, professional judgement. Aster Global met with the ZILMP during the week of November 2 nd – 6 th of 2020 to discuss the monitored parameters.



		Specifically the monitoring system in place, remote sensed based activity data, and sampling designs.
Quantification of Emission Reductions	Hard copy and screen-share calculation worksheets, live stream video teleconferencing (MS Teams, WebEx, Zoom, related) walkthroughs,	Confirm appropriate default factors, parameters, formulas, and related inputs for calculations through independent data checks, professional judgement.
	conference calls	Aster Global met with the ZILMP during the week of November 2 nd – 6 th of 2020 to discuss the quantification of emission reductions.
Reference Level	Calculation worksheets, remotely sensed data, live stream video teleconferencing (MS Teams, WebEx, Zoom, related) walkthroughs,	Confirm appropriate parameters, formulas, and related inputs for calculations through independent data checks, professional judgement.
	conference calls	Aster Global met with the ZILMP during the week of November 2 nd – 6 th of 2020 to discuss different aspects of the estimation of Reference Level emissions.
Uncertainty	Calculation worksheets, remotely sensed data, live stream video teleconferencing (MS Teams, WebEx, Zoom, related) walkthroughs,	Confirm appropriate default factors, parameters, formulas, and related inputs for calculations through independent data checks, professional judgement.
	conference calls	Aster Global met with the ZILMP on February 8 th 2021 to discuss the estimation of uncertainty and to see the R-code run.
Remote Sensing	Calculation worksheets, remotely sensed data, live stream video teleconferencing (MS Teams, WebEx, Zoom,	A walk-through may or may be necessary as this review is primarily desktop based and is combination qualitative/quantitative.
	related) walkthroughs, conference calls	Aster Global met with the ZILMP during the week of November 2 nd – 6 th of 2020 to discuss the remote sensing related to activity data in the reference level and monitoring data.
Process for QA/QC and Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)	Live stream video teleconferencing (MS Teams, WebEx, Zoom, related) walkthroughs	Aster Global met with the ZILMP during the week of November 2 nd – 6 th of 2020 to discuss many different aspects of the ZILMP program. Throughout these meetings the validation team was able to see the process for the QA/QC of data and see if SOPs relating to data collection etc., were followed.



4. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

4.1 Implementation status of the ER Program and update on drivers

After review of all ER Program information, procedures, calculations, and supporting documentation, Aster Global confirms that the Monitoring Report is accurate and consistent with all aforementioned FCPF program documentation.

4.2 System for measurement, monitoring and reporting emissions and removals occurring within the monitoring period

4.2.1 Forest Monitoring System

After review of all information, procedures, calculations, and supporting documentation, Aster Global confirms that the monitoring conducted by ZILMP is accurate and consistent with all aforementioned FCPF program documentation. Additionally, Aster Global confirms that the Forest Monitoring System of the ER Program is functioning and is able to produce high quality data because it has in place the necessary controls to address relevant sources of potential errors, omissions, and misstatements in place.

4.2.2 Measurement, monitoring and reporting approach

After review of all information, procedures, calculations, and supporting documentation, Aster Global confirms that the equations and methods used for measuring, monitoring, and reporting are correct and consistent with the Reference Level. Additionally, Aster Global confirms that all equation parameters, monitored parameters, and fixed data are appropriately linked to the equations used for quantification and monitoring.

4.3 Fixed Data and Parameters

After review of all information, procedures, calculations, and supporting documentation, Aster Global confirms that the fixed data and parameters are applied consistently in line with the Monitoring Report. As specified by FCPF, the ER-PD has not been reviewed during the course of the verification. Aster Global confirms that fixed data and parameters are made publicly available according to the Criterion 6 of the FCPF Methodological Framework, where the addresses for website are provided in the Monitoring Report, e.g., https://bit.ly/GeoportalMRVOnline, FCPF website, and FNDS website.

4.4 Monitored Data and Parameters

Aster Global confirms that all parameters related to monitoring and described below have been reported in line with guidelines provided in the Monitoring Report template. Aster Global confirms the information for each parameter is complete, and that the stated parameters are free of error and material misstatements. Activity data and AGB_{before} are the data and parameters subject to monitoring. The source of activity data is from Collect Earth platform and activity data was exported as numerical data for analysis. Field collected data was used to estimate AGB_{before}. A set of biomass equations from scientific literatures were applied to estimate AGB_{before}. Publicly available sources can be accessed at https://bit.ly/GeoportalMRVOnline. Assessment details are as follows.

Monitored Data and Parameters	$A(j,i)_{MP}$
Free of Material Misstatement (Yes/No)	Yes



Reported Appropriately (Yes/No)	Yes
Assessment Details	This parameter represents the area converted from forest j to non-forest type i during the monitoring period. Activity data that form the basis of this monitored parameter are based on annual wall-to-wall deforestation maps. The verification team conducted an independent analysis of similar remote sensed data to confirm that the appropriate source data was consistent and appropriate. Additionally, the audit team was able to ensure that LULC classification was appropriate and followed the pre-defined classification system.
	The verification team conducted independent data checks for each steps necessary for the quantification of this parameter. A sample of activity data were examined within the Collect Earth program using remotely sensed imagery to ensure accurate classification of LULC classification. Spatial analyses conducted in ESRI GIS confirmed the geographical boundary ensuring that all activity data fell within the Accounting Area, stratum weights were correctly estimated, and the Accounting Area was computed correctly. Independent data checks were used to ensure that the quantification of the parameter was performed correctly, this included an independent review of the literature cited in reference of the applied equations. The uncertainty associated with this parameter was independently calculated after a thorough review of the quantification code. The calculation of uncertainty applied the methodology from Olofsson et al. (2014), and the verification team reviewed and confirmed that the quantification code was correct and ran without any error.
	The verification team reviewed the Monitoring Report and associated links to ensure that all data related to this parameter are made public.

Emission Factors	AGB _{before,j}
Free of Material Misstatement (Yes/No)	Yes
Reported Appropriately (Yes/No)	Yes



Assessment Details

There were two different methods applied in the calculation of this parameter. For semi-deciduous and evergreen forest Tier 2 (country specific) estimates are used. These estimates are based on the National Forest Inventory for the Zambézia province. The audit team reviewed sampling design protocol, QA/QC SOPs, and QA/QC results and confirmed the appropriateness of each. The National Forest Inventory did not cover Mangrove forests, so this parameter for Mangrove forests was estimated from existing literature. The audit team confirmed that the literature underpinning the estimate of this parameter was appropriate for the forest type and region. Additionally, the validation team judged that the method to estimate this parameter was reasonable and appropriate.

The verification team conducted independent data checks for each step necessary in the quantification of this parameter. Additionally, the validation team conducted an independent review of the literature cited in reference to each equation in the calculation procedure. The uncertainty associated with this parameter was independently calculated after a thorough review of the quantification code. The calculation of uncertainty applied the methodology from Bechtold et al. (2005) as the sampling design of the ER Program resembles the sampling design of Forest Inventory and Analysis (FIA). Additionally, sampling uncertainty was increased by 10% as recommended by the FCPF team. The verification team reviewed and confirmed that the estimation of uncertainty was correct and the quantification code ran without any error.

The verification team reviewed the Monitoring Report and associated links to ensure that all data related to this parameter are made public.



5. VERIFICATION OF GHG ASSERTION

5.1 ER Program Reference level for the Reporting Period

Year of monitoring/reporting period t	Average annual historical emissions from deforestation over the Reference Period (tCO ₂ -e/yr)	If applicable, average annual historical emissions from forest degradation over the Reference Period (tCO ₂ -e/yr)	If applicable, average annual historical removals by sinks over the Reference Period (tCO ₂ -e/yr)	Adjustment, if applicable (tCO _{2-e} /yr)	Reference level (tCO _{2e} /yr)
2018	5,253,267.99	-	-	-	5,253,267.99
Total	5,253,267.99	-	-	-	5,253,267.99

5.2 ER program emissions by sources and removals by sinks

After review of all ER Program information, procedures, calculations, and supporting documentation, Aster Global confirms that the equations and methods used for measuring, monitoring, and reporting are correct and consistent with the Reference Level. Aster Global reviewed the entire estimation process to confirm that is complied with the FCPF Methodological Framework and associated documents.. Aster Global was able to reconstruct ER estimate with given Excel spreadsheets and R coding. The formulae applied were correct to re-produce the final estimate of ER. The reported ERs are materially accurate. Aster Global confirms that the ERs have been reported following a transparent and coherent step-by-step process that enabled the reconstruction of estimates.

Year of reporting period t	Emissions from deforestation (tCO _{2-e} /yr)	If applicable, emissions from forest degradation (tCO _{2-e} /yr)*	If applicable, removals by sinks (tCO ₂ . _e /yr)	Net emissions and removals (tCO _{2-e} /yr)
2018	1,982,587.68	-	-	1,982,587.68
Total	1,982,587.68	-	-	1,982,587.68

5.3 Uncertainty of Emission Reductions

5.3.1 Uncertainty analysis

Uncertainty was assessed as required. The audit team recalculated the uncertainty statistics independently to confirm the accuracy of the reported precision, reviewed assumptions and sources associated with parameters used in the quantification, and reviewed uncertainty of the emission reductions. Fundamentally, uncertainty analysis is variance estimation for The ER Program. Aster Global assumes that given activity and emission factors data were collected with a reasonable level of accuracy and related sources of random and systematic errors are *de minimis* considering the professionals involved in the ER Program. Details regarding uncertainty calculation process is provided below in Section 5.3.2 Uncertainty of the estimate of Emission Reductions.



5.3.2 Uncertainty of the estimate of Emission Reductions

After completion of independent data checks, review of the script for the Monte Carlo simulation, and a systematic review of inputs and assumptions, Aster Global confirms that the aggregate uncertainty of emissions reductions is 29%. Additionally, Aster Global confirms that the correct uncertainty discount, 4%, is applied correctly. The following steps were reviewed and confirmed, and the verification also confirmed that the quantification code ran without any error and that the results matched the Emission Reductions included in the monitoring report.

The uncertainty estimate for the Emission Reductions strictly follows the guidelines of Approach 2: Monte Carlo simulation from 2006 IPCC Volume 1 General Guidance and Reporting Chapter 3, except for the activity data of which the distribution is based on re-sampling, i.e., non-parametric bootstrapping. Non-parametric bootstrapping for the activity data is applied to relax the limitations stemming from Monte Carlo simulation. Only one datum is linked to two of the land use change categories of the activity data generating negative values if Monte Carlo simulation is used to determine the distribution. While non-parametric bootstrapping is applied to generate random samples from the activity data, random samples were generated from Monte Carlo simulation for the emission factors. The distributions of emission factors were assumed to be normal or t distributions. If calculation of degrees of freedom was available, t-distribution was assumed.

To ensure the accuracy uncertainty estimates for the Emission Reductions, non-parametric bootstrapping and Monte Carlo simulation were based on 10,000 random permutations. Additionally, generation of carbon fraction were based on 10,000 random permutations of triangular distribution, where Min = 0.44, Max = 0.49, Mode = 0.47, and as noted above in Section 4.7.2 Emission Factors. Sampling uncertainty was increased additionally by 10% for the emission factors. Finally, the distribution of Emission Reductions is determined by multiplying activity data, emission factors, and carbon fraction.

Sensitivity analysis and identification of areas of improvement of the MRV system

Sensitivity analysis was conducted by fixing the following parameters: activity data (Reference Level), activity data (monitoring), emission factors, and carbon fraction. These parameters were fixed to generate emission reductions, and the emission reductions were compared against the emission reductions from the Monte Carlo simulation. The widths of confidence intervals for each fixed parameter emission reduction and the emission reduction from Monte Carlo simulation were compared. Fixing activity data (Reference Level) appeared to have the highest reduction of confidential interval, meaning that a large portion of the emission reduction uncertainty is explained by the activity data (Reference Level) uncertainty.

The verification team reviewed and confirmed that above-mentioned elements related to the sensitivity analysis were all addressed in the provided quantification code. The verification also confirmed that the quantification code ran without any error and the results matched the sensitivity analysis included in the monitoring report. Therefore, Aster Global concludes that the application of the sensitivity analysis was performed correctly.

5.4 Transfer of Title to ERs

5.4.1 Ability to transfer title

As stated in Section 6 of the Monitoring Report, the program has not identified the existence of unclear or contested title to the ERs during this reporting period.

5.4.2 Program and Projects Data Management System

After review of all information, procedures, calculations, and supporting documentation, Aster Global confirms that ZILMP has a well documents Data Management System in place which includes mechanisms to avoid double counting. Additionally, Aster Global confirms Standard Operating Procedures are in place and comply with the FCPF Methodological Framework.

Importantly, the verification team issued 1 Observation related to the Program and Projects Data Management system that will need to be addressed at future verifications. During the course of the verification, the ZILMP provided two documents in draft form titled *Terms of Reference for the REDD+*



Programs and Projects Registry and Manual of Procedures for the Licensing of REDD+ Projects. Because the documents have not been finalized and are only drafts, the audit team reached out to FCPF on whether draft documents are sufficient to demonstrate compliance with Criterion 37.4. Guidance from FCPF indicated that these draft documents are sufficient to meet criteria 37.4, and no independent audit is necessary but indicated an OBS should be raised to highlight this issue for future verifications. Specifically, compliance with Criterion 37.4 should be closely checked at the next verification to ensure that finalized administrative procedures are defined for the operations of the national REDD+ Program and Projects Data Management System.

5.4.3 Double counted ERs

After a thorough review of the documentation and an independent search of numerous registries, Aster Global is reasonably assured that 0 ERs have been double-counted or compensated for more than once.

5.5 Reversals

5.5.1 The occurrence of major events or changes in ER Program circumstances that might have led to Reversals during the Reporting Period compared to the previous Reporting Period(s)

This section is not applicable, as this is the first verification.

5.5.2 Quantification of Reversals during the Reporting Period

This section is not applicable, as this is the first verification.

5.5.3 Reversal Risk Assessment and Buffer ERs

Risk Factor	Risk indicators – Assessment by VVB	Resulting reversal risk set- aside percentage
Default risk	N/A	10%
Lack of broad and sustained stakeholder support	The maximum risk set-aside percentage is taken for this catefory in line with the principle of conservativeness.	10%
Lack of institutional capacities and/or ineffective vertical/cross sectorial coordination	The verification team assessed the institutional capacities and cross sectorial coordination of the ER Program. The verification team determined that a medium risk rating was appropriate through a review of the ER Prgroam documentation and supporting documentation.	5%
Lack of long term effectiveness in addressing underlying drivers	The maximum risk set-aside percentage is taken for this catefory in line with the principle of conservativeness.	5%
Exposure and vulnerability to natural disturbances	The maximum risk set-aside percentage is taken for this catefory in line with the principle of conservativeness.	5%
	Total reversal risk set-aside percentage	35%



Total reversal risk set-aside percentage from ER-PD or previous monitoring report (whichever is more recent)

30%

5.6 Calculation of emission reductions

		2018	Total
Α	Reference Level (tCO ₂ -e) (Section 7.1)	5,253,267.99	5,253,267.99
В	Net emissions and removals under the ER Program (tCO ₂ -e) (Section 7.2)	1,982,587.68	1,982,587.68
С	Emission Reductions during Monitoring Period (tCO ₂ -e) (A-B)	3,270,680.31	3,270,680.31
D	Proportion of year covered by Reporting period	100%	100%
E	Total Emission Reductions during the Reporting Period (tCO ₂ -e) (C x D)	3,270,680.31	3,270,680.31
F	Emission Reductions allocated to the Uncertainty Buffer (Section 7.3)	130,827.2	130,827.2
G	Emission Reductions with unclear title transfer ability or risk of double counting (Section 7.4)	0	0
Н	Total reversal risk set-aside percentage applied to the ER program (Section 7.5)	35%	35%
I	Emission Reductions allocated to the Reversal and Pooled Reversal Buffer (E-F-G)xH	1,098,948.6	1,098,948.6
J	Number of FCPF ERs (E-F-G-I)	2,040,904.5	2,040,904.5



6. NON-COMPLIANCES AND OBSERVATIONS

During the verification process, there was a risk that potential errors, omissions, and misrepresentations would be found. The actions taken when errors, omissions, and misrepresentations were found included notifying the client of the issues identified and expanding our review/sample to the extent that satisfied the Team Leader's professional judgment.

This verification involved three (3) formal rounds of assessment by the verification team and resulted in a Monitoring Report that is in conformance with FCPF rules. Where findings were noted by the verification team, the ER Program Entity implemented corrective actions by amending the MR and supporting documentation/calculations and providing written clarification responses. Types of findings were characterized in the following manner:

Major Correction Action Requests (MCARs) were, in general, issued as a response to material discrepancies when:

- the evidence provided to demonstrate conformity is insufficient, unclear or not transparent and may lead to a material error, omission or misstatement, and/or a breakdown in the systems delivery;
- underlying assumptions used to develop the reported estimates are not supported by data;
- material errors, omissions or misstatements have been made in applying assumptions, in data or calculations;
- non-compliance with Verification criteria;
- the REDD+ Country Participant has failed to implement or made inadequate progress with the mCARs from the previous verifications; (not applicable, as this is the first verification)

Minor Correction Action Requests (mCARs) were, in general, issued when:

- the evidence provided to demonstrate conformity is insufficient, unclear or not transparent, but does not lead to a material error, omission or misstatement, and/or a breakdown in the systems delivery;
- non-material errors, omissions or misstatements have been made in applying assumptions, in data or calculations;

Observations (OBS) were issued when:

- there is no objective evidence to prove that there is a non-conformity, but the VVB observes practices and/or methods that could result in future MCAR and mCAR;
- the VVB wishes to identify an area of the Forest Monitoring System that requires attention and/or adjustment in future monitoring and reporting.

During the course of the verification, 50 MCARS, 0 mCARs, and 1 Observation were identified. All MCARs were satisfactorily addressed by the ER Program Entity. These findings provided necessary clarity to ensure the ER Program adhered to the requirements of the FCPF for GHG programs. For a complete list of all findings and their resolutions, please refer to Appendix 1.



APPENDIX 1: OVERVIEW OF NON-COMPLIANCES & OBSERVATIONS ISSUED DURING THE VERIFICATION BY THE VERIFICATION TEAM

Item Number	1
ER-PD template	15.1 Description of benefit-sharing arrangements Please provide a description of the benefit-sharing arrangements for Monetary and Non-Monetary Benefits of the ER Program to the extent known, including: i. the categories of potential Beneficiaries, eligibility and the types and scale of potential Monetary and Non-Monetary Benefits; ii. Criteria, process and timelines for the distribution of Monetary and Non- Monetary Benefits; iii. Monitoring provisions. Where available, provide a link to the publicly available Benefit Sharing Plan or inform when the Benefit Sharing Plan is expected be concluded and available.
	Refer to criterion 29 and 30 of the Methodological Framework
Applicability to the ER Program (Y or N/A)	Y
Requirement Met (Y, N, or Pending)	Y
Evidence Used to Assess (Location in PD, MR or Supporting Documents	Mozambique_Revised ERPD_16April2018_CLEAN.pdf
Aster Global Findings (04 December 2020)	Benefit-Sharing Arrangements is not submitted.
Round 1 MCAR/mCAR/OBS	MCAR: Please provide Benefit-Sharing Arrangements.
Round 1 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)	The benefit sharing plan is available and can be seen at the link: https://www.fnds.gov.mz/index.php/pt/component/edocman/plano-departilha-de-beneficio-erpa/download. However, please note that the validation and verification of the BSP are not within the objectives of the validation/verification as the paragraph 35 of the Validation and Verification Guidelines. Only carbon accounting is within the scope. BSP is covered by WB processes.
Aster Global Findings - Round 2 (04 December 2020)	The audit team agrees with the ER Program's response that the BSP is outside of the scope of the current audit. This finding is considered addressed.

Item Number	2
ER-MR template	1.1 Implementation status of the ER Program and changes compared to the ER-PD
Applicability to the ER Program (Y or N/A)	Υ
Requirement Met (Y, N, or Pending)	Y



Evidence Used to	MR
Assess (Location in	
PD, MR or	
Supporting	
Documents	
Aster Global	Found in section 1.1 of the MR.
Findings	
(04 December	However, the audit team noted that the link to the "geospatial platform where
2020)	deforestation for 2017 and 2018 in the Districts outside of the ER Program and
	in other provinces" is broken.
Round 1	MCAR: Please update the MR to include the correct link.
MCAR/mCAR/OBS	
Round 1 Response	The MR has been revised to use the correct link
from ER Program	(https://bit.ly/GeoportalMRVOnline). We assume that the purpose is to assess
Entity	the displacement of emissions out of the Program area. Although this is not
(DD MonthYYYY)	required by the FCPF Methodological Framework (c.f. Criterion 17), but it was
	required by the ER Payment Agreement, Mozambique provides in Annex 5 a
	report on emissions out of the ER Program accounting area but within the
	Province. Results show that Emission Reductions have also been generated,
	confirming the lack of displacement.
	As a side note, please note that the FCPF Methodological Framework does not
	require the monitoring of leakage, as this is addressed through the program
	design and appropriate mitigation measures (c.f. 17.1 and 17.2). Mozambique
	has to have its strategy implemented by verification (c.f. 117.3) which is
	demonstrated as shown by Annex 5, and it is 'invited' to report on chages on
	drivers which has done (c.f. 117.4).
Aster Global	The audit team reviewed the provided link and confirms that it works and the
Findings - Round 2	MR has been updated. This criteria is satisfied.
(04 December	
2020)	
	1
	2

Item Number 3	2	Itam Number	1+2



ER-MR template	Please provide an overview of all data and parameters that remain fixed throughout the Crediting Period. These parameters should link to the equations provided in section 2.2 This shall include parameters that have been measured or estimated but will not be updated during the Crediting Period, such as: Biomass and carbon densities (e.g. $AGB_{Before,j}$, $AGB_{After,i}$, C_j) that were measured at the time of the ERPD and that will remain fixed during the Crediting period. Biomass and carbon densities (e.g. $AGB_{Before,j}$, $AGB_{After,i}$, C_j) that are measured prior to this monitoring event and will remain fixed during the Crediting period. In this case, it shall be demonstrated that these are equivalent to the ones used for the establishment of the Reference Level as required by Indicator 14.3 of the MF. "equivalent" means that are equal or are comparable so that the difference is not linked to a methodological difference. Differences in the Emission Factor shall not lead to an overestimation of Emission Reductions. If this is the case, the ER Program shall apply technical corrections to the RL and update the Emission Factor by the most recent one. Activity Data estimated during the Reference Period. Default values, such as Carbon Fractions, root-to-shoot ratios or other parameters that are generically sourced from the IPCC values, shall be reported together with the relevant equations in Section 2.2, not in this section. Data and parameters monitored during the Crediting Period shall be included in section 0 below (Data and Parameters monitored). Use the table provided and copy table for each parameter, not for each value (multiple values may be reported per parameter, for instance $AGB_{Before,j}$ may include the estimates of the different forest types obtained with a same inventory). Where relevant, attach any spreadsheets, spatial information, maps and/or synthesized data used to derive the parameter. Regarding the Reporting Period, if ER Programs decide to use the Guidelines on the applicat
	the monitoring period instead of the Reporting Period. In this case the Monitoring Report should clearly indicate the start and end date of the monitoring period.
Applicability to	Refer to criterion 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 14 and 16 of the Methodological Framework
the ER Program (Y or N/A)	
Requirement Met	Y
(Y, N, or Pending)	AAD.
Evidence Used to Assess (Location in PD, MR or Supporting Documents	MR
Aster Global Findings (04 December 2020)	The audit team notes that this section is include in the MR. However, the audit team was unable to verify where the fixed parameters are used in the quantification workbooks to determine ER's for the reporting period. The audit team was unable to verify where these fixed parameters are used.



Round 1 MCAR/mCAR/OBS	MCAR: Please clarify where each of the fixed parameters are used in the quantification workbooks.
Round 1 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)	It was added an explanation in the table of each fixed parameter described in the Section 3.1 of the report, in the row "Value applied" the name of the workbook and the exact place where each value is calculated and used for estimating emissions.
Aster Global Findings - Round 2 (04 December 2020)	The audit team reviewed the updated MR and confirms that a description of where the parameters are applied is included in the MR. The additional text describes how each parameter is used in the quantification workbooks and links the parameters back to the equations in section 2.2 of the MR.

Item Number	4
ER-MR template	Quantify the emissions by sources and removals by sinks from the ER Program during the Monitoring / Reporting Period following the formulae shown in Section 1.3.2 and linked to the parameters in Section 3. Provide sample calculations using the actual values from section 3 above with sufficient information to allow others to reproduce the calculation. Attach electronic spreadsheets, spatial information, maps and/or synthesized data as an appendix or separate file. At the end of the description, summarize the results in the table below. Regarding the reporting period, (step-by-step description of the calculation) should clearly describe the steps through which the pro-rata allocation has occurred and how the ERs for the Reporting Period have been calculated. Refer to criterion 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 14 and 16 of the Methodological Framework
Applicability to	Υ
the ER Program (Y or N/A)	
Requirement	Υ
Met	
(Y, N, or Pending)	
Evidence Used to	MR
Assess (Location in	
PD, MR or	
Supporting	
Documents Aster Global	The audit team was unable to find a workbook that shows how these
Findings	calculations were carried out.
(04 December	calculations were carried out.
2020)	
Round 1	MCAR: Please provide the file to satisfy this criteria.
MCAR/mCAR/OBS	
Round 1 Response	Please find in the following link the workbook and a detailed explanation of
from ER Program	how to use the workbook for estimating emissions:
Entity	https://www.dropbox.com/s/we9qw3pkmmpkewb/ZILMP_Emissions_Calculati
(DD MonthYYYY)	ons_MR_%282018%29.xlsx?dl=0
Aster Global	The audit team reviewed the Emission Calculations for the Monitoring Period.
Findings - Round 2	Although there are still questions regarding the Emissions Calculations during
(04 December 2020)	the Monitoring Period. This criteria is satisfied.

Item Number	5
ER-MR template	2. Institutional Arrangements



Applicability to the ER Program (Y or N/A) Requirement Met	Y
(Y, N, or Pending)	
Evidence Used to Assess (Location in	MR
PD, MR or Supporting Documents	
Aster Global Findings (04 December 2020)	The audit team confirms that this section is included in the MR; however, the audit team notes that the subsections in Section 2 are not numbered correctly.
Round 1 MCAR/mCAR/OBS	MCAR: Please renumber the subsections in this section to satisfy the requirements of the MR Template.
Round 1 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)	Thank you. We realized that the subsections under 2.2. did not have the number, this will be amended.
Aster Global Findings - Round 2 (04 December 2020)	The audit team reviewed the updated MR and confirmed that the numbering of sections was corrected. This criteria is satisfied.

Item Number	6
Carbon	Criterion 6: Key data and methods that are sufficiently detailed to enable the
Methodological	reconstruction of the Reference Level, and the reported emissions and
Framework	removals (e.g., data, methods and assumptions), are documented and made
Version 2, June 22,	publicly available online. In cases where the country's or ER Program's policies
2016 - Criterion 6	exempt sources of information from being publicly disclosed or shared, the
	information shall be made available to the third party validation and
	verification body and a rationale is provided for not making these data publicly
	available. In these cases, reasonable efforts shall be made to make summary
	data publicly available to enable reconstruction.
Applicability to	Y
the ER Program	
(Y or N/A)	
Requirement	Υ
Met	
(Y, N, or Pending)	
Evidence Used to	ZILMP ER Monitoring Report - 2018 v.3.1_clean
Assess (Location in	
PD, MR or	
Supporting	
Documents	
Aster Global	The audit team was unable to locate where the items listed in Indicator 6.1 are
Findings	made publicly available.
(04 December	
2020)	
Round 1	MCAR: Please provide evidence to show where these data are made publicly
MCAR/mCAR/OBS	available.



Round 1 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)	Indicator 6.2 of the FCPF MF refers to the publication of the methodological steps. All this information was provided in the ER Program Document which is publicly available in the FCPF website, c.f. https://www.forestcarbonpartnership.org/system/files/documents/Mozambiq ue_Revised%20ERPD_16April2018_CLEAN.pdf . Moreover, this information is also provided in the MR which is subject to validation/verification and this has been made publicly available in the FCPF website c.f. https://www.forestcarbonpartnership.org/system/files/documents/ZILMP%20 ER%20Monitoring%20Report%20-%202018%20v.3.1_final_without%20Annex%201-3.pdf and on the MRV website(https://www.fnds.gov.mz/mrv/index.php/documentos/relatorios/40-zilmp-er-monitoring-report-2018-v-3-1/file). Information on the forest definition, forest types, activity data, emission factors, integration, estimation and uncertainties are all provided in these documents. Section 2.1.4 of the ER MR has been updated to make clear compliance with 6.1.
Aster Global Findings - Round 2 (04 December 2020)	Thank you for the clarification, the audit team was unaware the MR and ERPD were publicly available on the FCPF website. The audit team confirmed that these documents are located on the FCPF website and as a result are publicly available. This criteria is satisfied.

Item Number	7
Carbon	Indicator 6.2: For the following spatial information, maps and/or synthesized
Methodological	data are displayed publicly, and reasonable efforts are made to explain how
Framework	these were derived from the underlying spatial and other data, and to make
Version 2, June 22,	key data sets or analyses publicly available:
2016 - Criterion 6	
Applicability to	Υ
the ER Program	
(Y or N/A)	
Requirement	Υ
Met	
(Y, N, or Pending)	
Evidence Used to	ZILMP ER Monitoring Report - 2018 v.3.1_clean
Assess (Location in	
PD, MR or	
Supporting	
Documents	
Aster Global	The audit team was unable to locate where the accounting area, activity data,
Findings	emission factors, average annual emissions over the reference period, adjusted
(04 December	emissions, and any spatial data used to adjust emissions are made publicly
2020)	available.
Round 1	MCAR: Please provide evidence to show where these data are made publicly
MCAR/mCAR/OBS	available.



Round 1 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)

As indicated in the previous finding, the ER MR providing information on the RL and the MMR are publicly available. More specifically:

- 1) Accounting Area: Information on accounting area is available in Annex 4 of the MR.
- 2) Activity Data: Annual deforestation maps are avaible on the MRV webportal (https://bit.ly/GeoportalMRVOnline). Reference data (both for RL and annual) is not publicly available. However, it has been shared with the VVB. Reference level AD is in the file: ZILMP_AD_Calculations_RL_(2005_2015).xlsx in the ./Activity Data/Reference Level/ folder). 2018 AD is in the file ZILMP_AD_Calculations_MR_(2018).xlsx in the ./Activity Data/2018/ folder.

 3) Emission factors for both RL and MMR which are the same, may be found in the Monitoring Report, the latest version of which can be found here:
- https://www.fnds.gov.mz/mrv/index.php/documentos/relatorios.
 4) Average annual emissions for both RL and MMR are also shown in the Monitoring Report.
- 5) Adjusted emissions are not applicable to the ZILMP
- 6) No adjustments have been made.

In addition, the REDD+ Registry Web Portal (http://bit.ly/sistemaregistoREDD) has specific information on the program, such as reference data emissions, annual emissions, and included activities and pools.

Aster Global Findings - Round 2 (04 December 2020)

Thank you for the clarification, the audit team was unaware the MR and ERPD were publicly available on the FCPF website. The audit team confirmed that these documents are located on the FCPF website and as a result are publicly available. This criteria is satisfied.

Item Number	8
Carbon	- Accounting Area
Methodological	
Framework	
Version 2, June 22,	
2016 - Criterion 6	
Applicability to	Υ
the ER Program	
(Y or N/A)	
Requirement	Υ
Met	
(Y, N, or Pending)	
Evidence Used to	Simple guide_ERL, ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_RL (2005-2015).xlsx
Assess (Location in	
PD, MR or	
Supporting	
Documents	
Aster Global	The audit team reviewed the Reference Level calculations and notes that no
Findings	reference source is provided that shows the size (in hectares) of each district.
(04 December	
2020)	Furthermore it is unclear to the VVB what the true area of the ZILMP is. The
	ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_RL workbook appears to use 5,310,265;
	however, the Area tab of the Emission_Factor_v1.1 has a value of 8,797,094 as
	the total acreage.



Round 1	MCAR: Please provide the reference source for the size (in hectares) of each
MCAR/mCAR/OBS	district used in the calculations.
	MCAR: Please clarify the difference between the ZILMP area used in the
	ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_RL workbook and Table 5 in the PD.
Round 1 Response	1. Please note that the area of each district comes from an official national
from ER Program	administrative boundaries shapefile provided by the National Cartography and
Entity (DD MonthYYYY)	Remote Sensing Centre (CENACARTA) under the umbrella of the Minister of State Administration and Civil Service (MAEFP) [2019], and this shapefile was
(DD WIGHTITT)	officially published by The Humanitarian Data Exchange through the Instituto
	Nacional de Estatística (INE), a government institution. The shapefile was
	converted to Lambert Azimuthal Equal Area projection system. Please
	download here the shapefile: https://data.humdata.org/dataset/mozambique-
	administrative-levels-0-3. (Note: Please download the
	"moz_adm_20190607_SHP.zip" file, and then extract the
	"moz_admbnda_adm2_ine_20190607" shapefile. The "ADM1_PT" column header refers to provincial level, and the "ADM2_PT" column header refers to
	district level.).
	2. The area of 8,797,094 ha presented in the document "Emission_Factor_v1.1"
	corresponds to the sum of the forest strata areas of two maps (agro-ecological
	zoning and FNDS 2016 map) used to estimate the emission factors of Zambezia
	province, and it does not represent the real forest area of Zambezia province.
	The sum of the strata areas was done to correct the problem of the base map
	error (cluster that in the zoning map fell in non-forest strata, but which field data proved to be forest), and thus avoid bias in the estimates. While the area
	of 5,310,265 ha used in the ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_RL workbook is the
	total area of the districts included in the ZILMP. The emission factors used for
	ZILMP were derived from the National Forest Inventory of the Zambezia
	Province, and these are used as emission factors for the ZILMP as well as for
	estimating emissions in the Zambezia province. As explained in Section 5.1., the
	Emission factors for the Zambezia province are representative for the forests
	found in ZILMP so they are considered to be accurate and they represent an improvement over the EFs used in the ERPD which were based on a non-
	representative inventory with a hazard sampling based on transects. The ER MR
	has been revised to make this clear.
Aster Global	1. The audit team downloaded the shapefiles and independently confirmed the
Findings - Round 2	size of each district in the Accounting Area. The audit team noted minor
(04 December	discrepancies (less than 60 hectares) in the Accounting Area (about 5.3 million
2020)	hectares) and determined that this was likely caused by projection
	discrepancies and as a result the audit team is reasonably assured that the Accunting Area is correctly stated in the MR. Additionally, the correct
	hectarage is applied in the quantification workbooks.
	nectar age to approach in the quantimental in a constant
	During the review of the shapefiles, the audit team noted that 4 plots used in
	the estimation of the RL were outside the Accounting Area and 1 plot from the
	activity data for estimation during the monitoring period was outside the
	Accounting Area.
	2. Thank you for the clarification. The audit team confirms that the appropriate
	area is being used for the emission estimates in the reference level and
	monitoring period.
Round 2	MCAR: Please exclude plots outside the Accounting Area in the estimation of
MCAR/mCAR/OBS	the RL and during the Monitoring period. Additionally, please update all
	downstream calculations.



Round 2 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)	We confirmed the existence of these plots outside Accounting Area. All downstream calculations have been updated.
Aster Global Findings - Round 3 (04 December 2020)	The audit team reviewed the updated calculation workbooks and confirmed that the requested updates have been made.

Item Number	9
Carbon	- Activity data (e.g., forest-cover change or transitions between forest
Methodological	categories) (1)
Framework	
Version 2, June 22,	
2016 - Criterion 6	
Applicability to	Υ
the ER Program	
(Y or N/A)	
Requirement	Υ
Met	
(Y, N, or Pending)	
Evidence Used to	Simple guide_ERL, ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_RL (2005-2015).xlsx
Assess (Location in	
PD, MR or	
Supporting	
Documents	
Aster Global	When the VVB reviewed the ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_RL (2005-
Findings	2015).xlsx, the team noted that in cells B43:B94 in the activity data tab there
(04 December	are numerous Countif formulas. It is unclear to the audit team what the codes
2020)	are that used in the Countif formulas. For example, cell B45 has a Countif
	formula that calls the code "Reflor_2FXC". It is unclear what this code means
	and the audit team was unable to find a list of these codes and their meanings.
Round 1	MCAR:Please provide a list of all codes that refer to different forest type groups
MCAR/mCAR/OBS	and Land use categories in cells B43:B94.
Round 1 Response	It was added to the "ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_RL (2005-2015)" workbook
from ER Program	a new worksheet tab called "List of codes", which provides an explanation of
Entity	the different codes of the land use categories that were used. In addition,
(DD MonthYYYY)	another worksheet tab called "Readme", which provides an explanation on the
	different aspects of the "ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_RL (2005-2015)"
	workbook. Please find here the workbook:
	https://www.dropbox.com/s/we9qw3pkmmpkewb/ZILMP_Emissions_Calculati
	ons_MR_%282018%29.xlsx?dl=0



Aster Global Findings - Round 2 (04 December 2020)

The audit team reviewed the list of codes provided by the ER Program and noted the following:

- 1. In the ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_RL_(2005_2015) workbook Row ID 100679 has an image former and image current date that are the same. It is unclear how this is appropriate for detecting land use change.
- 2. In the ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_RL_(2005_2015) workbook Row ID 98437 has an image former date that is later than the image current date. It is unclear how this is appropriate for detecting land use change.
- 3. In the ZILMP_AD_Calculations_MR_(2018) workbook the audit team noted that there were multiple plots contained within the Data tab that have a current image date that is earlier than the former image data. Additionally, the audit team noted that there are multiple plots that have the same date for the current image date and former image date.
- 4. The audit team noted that in the ZILMP_AD_Calculations_MR_(2018) workbook, plot ID 1205 is classified as having 30-39% tree coverage but has a LULC change of F>C. It is unclear why these LULC change classifications are appropriate.
- 5. In the ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_RL_(2005_2015) workbook Plot IDs 94995, 99507, 99674, and 100169 appear to have the final land use class misclassified. Please clarify why the current final land use classification is appropriate.

Round 2 MCAR/mCAR/OBS

MCAR: Please address 1-5 in line with the findings and if necessary update all downstream calculations. Please double check that all Activity data has been correctly coded.

MCAR: Please provide the raw data that feeds the DATA tab in both the ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_RL_(2005_2015) and ZILMP AD Calculations MR (2018) or where this data can be downloaded.

MCAR: Please provide a geospatial file showing the strata used for the Activity Data in estimating emissions from the Monitoring Period.



Round 2 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)

1 and 2. We believe that 2 factors led to the issues raised in findings 1 and 2. The first factor is that the field "Image_former_date" can refer to two different dates, depending on the situation. If the plot does not have a LULC change, then the date refers to the image used to determine the LULC at the start of the monitoring period (2001 for RL, 2018 for the MR). If there is a LULC change, then the date refers to when the change occurred. This is explained in the "Readme" sheet of both. "ZILMP_AD_Calculations_MR_(2018).xlsx" and "ZILMP_AD_Calculations_RL_(2005_2015).xlsx".

The second factor is that, for the reference period, the field "image_current_date" refers to the date of the most recent high resolution image (Google Earth or Bing Maps) used to characterize the elements coverage and the current LULC. As an example, if the most recent high resolution image was from 2015, then that will be the image reported in the "image_current_date" field. Even if a change is detected using Sentinel-2 images, we would use this image as the "baseline" to help determine what elements were changed (e.g. cut trees). This approach was subsequently changed for the monitoring period, where the current date refers to the most recent image available, usually a medium resolution image from Sentinel-2. As a result of the 2 factors above, the date of the "current" image can be the same or earlier than the date of the "former" image. We realize that this is somewhat confusing, but the field names have been set since the beginning of our process and so we have adjusted to their meaning and have kept them as is.

- 3. We confirm the existence of plots with mismatch between the "image_current_date" and "Image_former_date", and that was in part due to the human error on the record. A spreadsheet containing all the identified problematic plots has been placed in the .\Docs\MR_misdate folder (https://www.dropbox.com/s/fe03sb8p70eni2j/MR_plots_misdate.xlsx?dl=0). These errors have been corrected in the dataset.
- 4. We acknowledge this error in the counting of the individual elements of the plot. The class change was correct, but the % of tree cover was incorrect. This has been corrected in the dataset.
- 5. The land use classification in these plots was not misclassified, however, the decision tree needs to be updated to reflect the case of these plots. Specifically, these plots refer to the classification of the grassland class. When tree cover is below 30% (i.e. a plot is not forest), then tree elements count towards the class of shrubland. In other words, if conditions are not met for the plot to be classified as a settlement or cropland, then if the sum of tree and shrub elements is >20%, the plot will be classified as shrubland/thicket. This is the case even if there is 0% cover of shrubs, but >=20% cover of tree elements. The decision tree has been updated and this is reflected in the latest version of the MR report.
- 6. The folder ".\Activity Data\2018\Map" has the map used as the basis of stratification for the Monitoring period. However, the map provided was for the whole province of Zambézia, instead of only the Accounting Area. We have now placed the stratification map for only the Accounting Area in that folder (https://www.dropbox.com/sh/ayydvmadbp0500v/AAArpyq7mGrYr5FWuyh2Tgpa?dl=0). Please note that this does not have any impact on the calculations, because the map used in all calculations was for the Accounting Area.



Aster Global
Findings - Round 3
(04 December
2020)

- 1. 2 and, 3. The audit team better understands how these errors may have occurred. Additionally, the audit team reviewed the new MR and RL Emission Calculations workbook and MR Plots Misdate and confirms the issues have been addressed.
- 4. The audit team reviewed the updated Activity Data and confirms that this issue has been resolved.
- 5. The audit team better understands the application of the land use classification decision tree. Additionally the audit team confirms that the decision tree has been updated.
- 6. The audit team reviewed the stratification files and confirmed that plots were correctly allocated to each stratum.

Item Number	10
Carbon	- Activity data (e.g., forest-cover change or transitions between forest
Methodological	categories) (2)
Framework	
Version 2, June 22,	
2016 - Criterion 6	
Applicability to	Υ
the ER Program	
(Y or N/A)	
Requirement	Υ
Met	
(Y, N, or Pending)	
Evidence Used to	ZILMP ER Monitoring Report - 2018 v.3.1_clean
Assess (Location in	
PD, MR or	
Supporting	
Documents	
Aster Global	The Monitoring Report states that a stratified random sample design was used,
Findings	and then references a 4 * 4 km systematic grid. Alegria (2020) states that a
(04 December	random allocation of plots within strata was later altered to a grid-based
2020)	sample.
	Sample design should be clarified. In particular, were cluster selection probabilities from the original pre-stratified random sample (referencing different strata based on the 2008 agro-ecological map) incorporated in estimators for the post-stratified systematic sample (referencing collapsed classes)?
Round 1 MCAR/mCAR/OBS	MCAR: Please address in line with findings.



Round 1 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)

Please note that there are several sampling designs and it seems these are being confounded:

- 1) Activity data for Reference Level (RL): As explained in Section 8.3 of Annex 4 (Parameter A(j,i)RP) of the ER-MR, the activity data for the RL was estimated based on a systematic sampling design (4km*4km grid).
- 2) Activity data for the monitoring period: As explained in Section 3.2 of the ER-MR (Parameter A(j,i)MP), the activity data for monitoring was based on a stratified estimation.
- 3) Emission Factors based on provincial inventory: The initial sampling design was a pre-stratified simple random sampling, but the selected sample units were reallocated to match geolocate the points of the 4x4km grid. This was done to ensure consistency with the provincial inventories of Gaza and Cabo Delgado, that had been conducted by DINAF/JICA.

The comment referred to in Alegria (2020) pertains to 3) above. Effectively, the initial estimation of carbon densities did not take into consideration the inclusion probabilities of the pre-stratification. However, Alegria (ex-USFS) supported Mozambique in addressing this issue by considering the inclusion probabilities induced by the pre-stratification and by using appropriate estimators for weights derived from the 4kmx4km grid (They are not exact as they are based on sampling). The MRV team with the support of Alegria, produced the calculation spreadsheet Emission factor_v.1.1.xlsx (c.f. available in folder 'Mozambique ERPA 2018\Emission Factors') which shows the revised calculations.

As a result of this change emission factors changed on both stratum: Semi-deciduous forest: changed from 140.08 +/-6.66 tdm/ha to 144.69 tdm/ha (AGB), and from 52.71 tdm/ha to 49.98 tdm/ha (BGB); Semi-evergreen forest: changed from 129.93 tdm/ha to 123.13 tdm/ha (AGB), and from 38.47 tdm/ha to 42.24 tdm/ha (BGB)

Aster Global Findings - Round 2 (04 December 2020)

The audit team understands the sampling design of the ER Program however, more detailed information on how the collapse of strata from JICA Classes to FNDS: Analytical (Table 1: Collapsing of LULC Classes) affected the optimal allocation of clusters it would be helpful to better understand the sample design. In other words, does FNDS: Analytical have the equal probability of allocating clusters into each stratum as JICA Classes? This question relates to page 2 of "Independent evaluation of Mozambique national activity data collection protocols, forest inventory design, and, data analysis" <Final_Report_Alegria.pdf>.

Round 2 MCAR/mCAR/OBS

MCAR: Please address in line with Round 2 findings.

Round 2 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)

We think that there may have been a misunderstanding regarding table 1 of the Alegria report, because it does not reflect the allocation of sample units, but rather the aggregation of strata for the estimation of emission factors, which presupposes not to affect the optimal allocation of clusters. The Alegria report was based on the National Forest Inventory report, and its recommendations were used in the production of emission factors in the province of Zambézia, whose data come from an optimal allocation considering 8 strata for collecting field data.

Note: we will update the MR "sample design section", where it will be clear that the optimal allocation was made for eight strata (sheet "results" of the document "emission factor v.2"), and given the need to harmonize with the data activity, they were aggregated in two strata when calculating the emission factors.



Aster Global Findings - Round 3 (04 December 2020)

The audit team is confirmed that Table 1 is simply a land classification and not related to optimal allocation of plots. The audit team also confirmed the language of sampling design was updated in the Monitoring Report (page 21, ZILMP ER Monitoring Report - 2018 v.5.docx).

This criterion is satisfied.

Item Number	11
Carbon Methodological Framework Version 2, June 22,	- Emission factors (1)
2016 - Criterion 6	
Applicability to the ER Program (Y or N/A)	Y
Requirement Met (Y, N, or Pending)	Υ
Evidence Used to Assess (Location in PD, MR or Supporting Documents	Emission factor_v.1.1.xlsx
Aster Global Findings (04 December 2020)	Tree level data is provided as Emission factor_v.1.1.xlsx, however the audit team is unsure if the data is publicly available.
Round 1 MCAR/mCAR/OBS	MCAR: Is tree level data publicly available?
Round 1 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)	Criterion 6 of the FCPF MF states "In cases where the country's or ER Program's policies exempt sources of information from being publicly disclosed or shared, the information shall be made available to the third party validation and verification body and a rationale is provided for not making these data publicly available. In these cases, reasonable efforts shall be made to make summary data publicly available to enable reconstruction". Aggregated data at the plot level are publicly available in [https://www.dropbox.com/s/mjgc49toldgog8d/Data_IFN_plt.xlsx?dl=0], yet the raw data cannot be made publicly available as per the data sharing policies since these data can be sensitive as it can point out to loggers on the existence of high-timber value species or it can be used inapropriately. Thus the raw data cannot be made publicly available, but it has been shared with the VVB (c.f. Tab 'Tree' in file Emission factor_v.1.1.xlsx, available in folder 'Mozambique ERPA 2018\Emission Factors'). Therefore, Mozambique would comply with Criterion 6 and thus Indicator 6.2.
Aster Global Findings - Round 2 (04 December 2020)	The desire to keep plot level data unpublished in reasonable given the threat of harvest to high value species. The audit team confirms the Criterion 6 and agrees the non-disclosure of tree level to the public. This item is closed.

Item Number	12	



1	
Carbon	- Emission factors (2)
Methodological	
Framework	
Version 2, June 22,	
2016 - Criterion 6	
Applicability to	Y
the ER Program	
(Y or N/A)	
Requirement	Υ
Met	
(Y, N, or Pending)	
Evidence Used to	Shoch ZILMP review prelim 13Nov2020.docx
Assess (Location in	
PD, MR or	
Supporting	
Documents	
Aster Global	It is unclear where the 0.28 and 0.29 root:shoot values are derived in the
Findings	Mokany 2006 paper.
(04 December	
2020)	It is unclear where the aboveground biomass value of 269 tdm/ha for
	mangroves is derived in the Stringer et al 2015 paper – the study region is
	reasonably representative of the ZILMP area, but the paper presents results for
	5 height class strata and does not provide an area-weighted average (nor do
	any of the stratum-specific values for overstory and understory aboveground
	biomass correspond to the value referenced in.
	Stratum stock values presented in the Monitoring Report (MR) do not
	correspond to values in "ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_MR_(2018).xlsx" (Calc
	file)
	Stratum MR Calc file (AGB)
	Semi-deciduous forest (FSD) 144.69 142.52
	Evergreen forest (FSSV) 123.13 110.63
	Post deforestation stocks use 5 classes (wetland, crop, grass, settlement and
	other), with values ranging from 0 to 10 tdm/ha. Agro-pastoral systems in this
	region of Africa frequently include retained tree biomass -
	Banda et al 2006 estimated residual basal area of 12 m^2/ha in Tanzania, which
	we estimate corresponds to ~25-30 tdm/ha, well above the default values
	incorporated in the emission factors.
Round 1	MCAR: Please address in line with findings.
MCAR/mCAR/OBS	mo an rease address in fine with midnigs.
crity illerity 000	



Round 1 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)

- 1) The value of 0.28 used in the BGB estimate of the individual trees in the FSSV is referenced in the article by Mokany et al. (2006) in table 2, and the same corresponds to the median value of 0.275 which is recommended when the biomass above the ground per unit area is greater than 20 Mg. For calculation purposes, the value of 0.275 above was rounded up to 0.28. To avoid future confusion we will update the calculation with the original value (0.275) and then the ER-MR will be updated accordingly.
- 2) The emission factor of 269 tdm/ha used for the mangrove forest comes indirectly from table 1 of Stringer et al. (2015) article. For the determination of the value (269 tdm/ha), we first found the weighted average carbon of the two carbon reservoirs (overstory & understory), followed by conversion of carbon to biomass using the conversion factor of 0.47 proposed in the IPCC good practice guide.
- 3. The correct values are: FSD (AGB: 144.69 tdm/ha; BGB: 49.98 tdm/ha); FSSV (AGB: 123.13 tdm/ha; BGB: 42.24 tdm/ha). There was a difference in the values because the application of the allometric equations at the tree level was updated and it was forgotten to update the values in the ER-MR. The ER-MR will be updated accordingly.
- 4. Although agro-pastoral practice is common in sub-Saharan Africa, it is not common in Mozambique (the few agro-pastoral practices are associated with home gardens). In Mozambique, forest areas converted into agricultural fields are mostly for the planting of annual agricultural crops, hence the choice to use the values proposed by IPCC, instead of other values such as those of Banda et al.

Aster Global Findings - Round 2 (04 December 2020)

- 1. The audit team confirmed that the 0.275 is correctly used per the Mokany et al. 2016 paper.
- 2. The audit team was unable to determine if the emission factor for Mangroves is appropriate as there was no demonstration of the quantification. Specifically, the Stringer et al. paper stratifies by 5 height classes and it is unclear which height classes correspond to "overstory & understory". Please provide a quantitative demonstration that shows how this emission factor was estimated to the audit team can confirm whether it is appropriate and ensure the calculation was performed correctly.
- 3. The audit team reviewed the updated MR and confirms that the stratum stocks are correctly stated in the MR and emission factor workbooks. However, the BGB tdm/ha referenced in the ER Program's Round 1 response (49.98, 42.24 are not what is stated in the MR nor used in the emission quantification workbooks. Additionally he audit team reviewed the ER Program documents that were sent with the Round 1 responses and we were unable to find an updated ERPD that references all the newest information as it relates to the ER Program.
- 4. The audit team found that in the activity data used in the RL and for the monitoring period that tree cover was retained in land classified as agricultural land in about 50% of the agriculture land. As a result the audit team does not believe the post deforestation emission factors are appropriate.



Round 2 MCAR/mCAR/OBS

MCAR: Please provide the calculation of the emission factor 269 tdm/ha, the emission factor for Mangroves.

MCAR: Please clarify if the ER Program's Round 1 response (3) incorrectly states the BGB tdm/ha emission factors.

MCAR: Please update the ERPD to reflect all changes that have been made to the emission factors, emission quantification for the RL and Monitoring period and reflects all new changes related to updates from FCPF documents. Please also review for and make grammatical corrections and fix references such as "Error! Bookmark not defined" which is found in various portions of the document.

MCAR: Please clarify in line with the finding 4.

Round 2 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)

- 1. To calculate the biomass of mangrove forest the following steps was take:
- a. Compute mean AGC for two interest pool (overstory and understory) in each strata (table 1)

Height Class 1 = 55.40+7.70 = 63.10; Height Class 2 = 96.70+7.40 = 104.10; Height Class 3 = 127.40+11.0 = 138.40; Height Class 4 = 183.30+3.70 = 187.00; Height Class 5 = 241.30+3.00 = 244.30

b. Compute the area proportion (Weight) for each strata (table 3) Height Class 1 = 4730/30267 = 0.16; Height Class 2 = 10536/30267 = 0.35; Height Class 3 = 8610/30267 = 0.28; Height Class 4 = 5522/30267 = 0.18; Height Class 5 = 869/30267 = 0.0.3

c. Compute the mean carbon of the population

Carbon mean = mean Height Class 1 * proportion Height Class 1 + mean Height Class 1 * proportion Height Class 1 + mean Height Class 1 * proportion Height Class 1 + mean Height Class 1 * proportion Height Class 1 * proportion Height Class 1

Carbon mean = 63.10tC/ha*0.16+104.10 tC/ha *0.35+138.40 tC/ha *0.28+187.00 tC/ha *0.18+244.30 tC/ha *0.03

Carbon mean = 126.60 tC/ha

d. Compute the mean biomass of the population

Biomass mean = Carbon mean/factor conversion (IPCC)

Biomass mean = 126.60 tC/ha / 0.47

Biomass mean = 269.36 tdm/ha.

- 2. The value of BGB we reported in the reply was an answer to the finding, and referred to the value that was presented in the version 4.0 of the document. This value was updated in version 4.1 and that was the reason for the mismatch between our reply and the MR. The values in the report are the up to date values and match those of the spreadsheets.
- 3. In our experience, tree cover remaining in deforested plots is a result of partial deforestation of the plot, not necessarily trees remaining in the actual agricultural field. Our methodology does not sample the polygon of deforestation, but rather samples a random pixel within the polygon of deforestation and then overlays a 1 ha plot on it. As a result, there are cases of deforestation where there remain trees, because only a part of the plot was deforested. On the other hand, there are cases where we have reported forest degradation, but what actually occurs is partial deforestation (clear cut), such that tree cover remains above 30%. In either case, the application of our decision tree determines the land use class, which then receives the corresponding emission factor.

We have used the default IPCC values, which were also used in the National FREL. There are few studies looking at post-deforestation carbon stocks in miombo woodlands of southern Africa. Of note we found Williams et al. (2008)



in Mozambique, Kalaba et al. (2013) in Zambia, and McNicol, Ryan, and Williams (2015) in Tanzania. Of these 3, only McNicol, Ryan, and Williams (2015) report carbon stocks for active agricultural fields, with values between 6 and 20 tdm, with the large variation explained due to the presence of large trees in the plots. Williams et al. (2008) report that fields in fallow after 5 years have a carbon stock of less than 10 tdm. Kalaba et al. (2013) present mean carbon stocks of 5.4 tdm for slash and burn plots which have been abandoned for 5 years. These 3 studies report values that are within the margin of error of the IPCC defaults.

As a result of the above points, we are confident that the application of the IPCC default value is consistent with best practices.

References

Kalaba, Felix Kanungwe, Claire Helen Quinn, Andrew John Dougill, and Royd Vinya. 2013. "Floristic Composition, Species Diversity and Carbon Storage in Charcoal and Agriculture Fallows and Management Implications in Miombo Woodlands of Zambia." Forest Ecology and Management 304:99–109. McNicol, Iain M., Casey M. Ryan, and Mathew Williams. 2015. "How Resilient Are African Woodlands to Disturbance from Shifting Cultivation?" Ecological Applications 25(8):2330–36.

Williams, MRCM, C. M. Ryan, R. M. Rees, E. Sambane, J. Fernando, and J. Grace. 2008. "Carbon Sequestration and Biodiversity of Re-Growing Miombo Woodlands in Mozambique." Forest Ecology and Management 254(2):145–55.

Aster Global Findings - Round 3 (04 December 2020)

- 1. Thank for the clear explanation. The audit team reviewed the calculation and confirms that it is correct.
- 2. Thank you for the clarification. The audit team confirms that the MR states the correct emission factor and is applied correctly in the quantification workbooks.
- 3. Thank you for the clarification. This criteria is satisfied.

Item Number	13
Carbon	- Emission factors (3)
Methodological	
Framework	
Version 2, June 22,	
2016 - Criterion 6	
Applicability to	Υ
the ER Program	
(Y or N/A)	
Requirement	Υ
Met	
(Y, N, or Pending)	
Evidence Used to	Shoch ZILMP review prelim 13Nov2020.docx
Assess (Location in	
PD, MR or	
Supporting	
Documents	



Aster Global Findings (04 December 2020)

Provide justifications for the following default non-forest stock values applied to derive emission factors:

Crops are assigned 10 tdm/ha, corresponding to the IPCC 2006GL value for tropical wet perennial crops. Why was tropical moist not used? Why perennial (not annual) crops?

Grasslands are assigned 2.3 tdm/ha aboveground, corresponding to the IPCC 2006GL value for tropical dry grasslands. Why was the tropical moist value (6.2) not applied?

Allometric equations applied in the semi-deciduous forest type are predominately from Mugasha et al 2013. Data for that equation are all from Tanzania (Manyara, Lindi, Katavi and Tabora regions). Given the extra-national data source for this equation, validation of its application in, and potentially calibration to, Mozambique/ZILMP is appropriate. Confirmation by experts is insufficient.

Round 1 MCAR/mCAR/OBS

MCAR: Please address in line with findings.

Round 1 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)

- 1. Please note that the value used is not the one for 'Tropical, Wet' but the one for 'Annual Cropland'. And the unit of mass used is not 'tC/ha', but 'tdm/ha'. We applied the value of 10 tdm/ha because the agricultural land in Mozambique is mostly under the annual-crop farming practices that drive conversion of forest land to agricultural lands. So, according to 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories (Volume 4, Chapter 5, Section 5.28), for lands planted in annual crops, the default value of growth in crops planted after conversion is 10 tonnes of dry biomass per hectare.
- 2. For grassland, the value of 2.3 tdm/ha was extracted from Table 6.4 of the 2006 IPCC GL which corresponds to tropical dry grasslands as the climate in most of Mozambique is tropical dry to subtropical dry.
- 3. According to Table 1 of the FCPF Guidelines on Uncertainty analysis of ERs "The lack of validation of the allometric equation should be considered as a source of bias, discussed, and addressed as far as practical by the REDD Country. QA/QC procedures shall be in place to ensure that the best allometric model is used and that any identified bias have been addressed". The equation of Mugasha et al. 2013 is representative of Miombo Forest, which is the same forest in the ZILMP area. In ideal conditions, the equation should be validated with destructive sampling but this was not feasible due to financial reasons. As QA/QC procedure, the selection of the equations was discussed with experts from the Eduardo Mondlane University and IIAM who confirmed that these are the most representative and best available equations, which will provide accurate estimates, as far as practice.

According to the experts, although there might be an associated bias from using the equation, it is safer to use the equation of Mugasha et al. 2013 (more representative "ecosystems and species") than using the adjusted equations in Mozambique (less representative "ecosystems and species"). It is because the adjusted equations in Mozambique mostly recommended for specific areas (example of one of the best-adjusted Miombo equation "Guedes et al. 2018" recommended only to estimate biomass in low Miombo of Beira corridor). In addition, if they are applicable to extensive ecosystems, they present a high level of uncertainty (example is the equation of Miombo adjusted by Chaúque 2004, which has R2 = 0.78), which is associated with low representativity of species and diameter range of the trees used during equation adjustment. On the other hand, Mugasha et al 2013 used data from 60 species (about half of which occur in Zambézia) from 1 to 110 cm of dbh, coming from Miombo woodland (which according to Chidumayo & Gumbo, 2010 "The Dry Forests and Woodlands of Africa", this forest type are similar in terms of floristic



	composition and structure to those of Mozambique). In addition, the last paragraph of conclusion of the authors' article where they show no reservations about the use of the equation in other regions of southeastern Africa.
	This has been included in the MR, Section 5.1. Currently the MRV unit has plans to establish MoU with research institutions to develop and/or adjust more accurate allometric equations for various ecosystems in the country, and thus update the emission factors.
Aster Global Findings - Round 2 (04 December 2020)	1. The audit team now understands how 10 tdm/ha was derived. However, the audit team found no evidence demonstrating that this emission factor is relevant for the Accounting Area. Additionally, it appears in the 2019 Update to the 2006 IPCC Guidelines this parameter has been updated. According to FCPF the most recent IPCC guidelines should be used.
	2. The audit team conducted an analysis using the Holdridge System and confirms that the majority of the Accounting Area is either Tropical Dry or Subtropical Dry and as the area of Tropical Dry is significantly larger than the Subtropical Dry area. Emission factors for Tropical Dry are appropriate. Please ensure that this parameter is current to the most recent IPCC Guidelines.
	3. To address the uncertainty stemming from allometric equations, the new guideline from the World Bank suggests to add 10% of uncertainty to the allometric equations uncertainty, and the audit team confirmed that the 10% uncertainty was correctly applied in the R coding: "addAllometricUncertainty = function(proportional_SE){return ((((proportional_SE * 1.645)**2 + 0.1**2) ** 0.5) / 1.645)}". This item is closed.
Round 2 MCAR/mCAR/OBS	MCAR: Please provide a evidence that supports the use emission factor referenced in Finding 1.
	MCAR: Please ensure all IPCC parameters are referenced from the most recent IPCC Guidelines and Guidance.
Round 2 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)	1. The value 10 tdm/ha is consistent with the 2019 Refinement to the 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories, as described in section 5.3.1.2 (https://www.ipcc-nggip.iges.or.jp/public/2019rf/pdf/4_Volume4/19R_V4_Ch05_Cropland.pdf). 2. The EFs are in line with the 2019 Refinement to the 2006 IPCC GLs for National GHGI.
Aster Global Findings - Round 3 (04 December 2020)	The audit team confirmed that all emission factors are in line with the 2019 Refinement of the 2006 IPCC guidelines.

Item Number	14
Carbon	Indicator 7.2: The sources of uncertainty identified in Indicator 7.1: are
Methodological	assessed for their relative contribution to the overall uncertainty of the
Framework	emissions and removals.
Version 2, June 22,	
2016 - Criterion 7	
Applicability to	Υ
the ER Program	
(Y or N/A)	
Requirement	Υ
Met	
(Y, N, or Pending)	



Evidence Used to Assess (Location in PD, MR or Supporting Documents	Emission factor_v.1.1.xlsx / ZILMP ER Monitoring Report - 2018 v.3.1_clean.docx
Aster Global Findings (04 December 2020)	Please check the equation for Step 7c. Compute variance (Rows 124:133), Area tab of Emission factor_v.1.1.xlsx. It looks like (Ahd^2) x Var(Phd-bar) should be applied, so Eq.4.4 in Bechtold et al. (2005). For each stratum, this would be just simple random sampling. This should be checked as it subsequently affects estimation for degrees of freedom and other estimates. In addition, please also check Eq. 4.17 (Bechtold & Patterson, 2005) Rows 287:296, AGB tab of Emission factor_v.1.1.xlsx. The audit team checked "Monte Carlo v0.2.pdf" and found that "AGB_before
	(or, AGB_before.x)" values were different from the ones provided in the document "Monte Carlo v0.2.pdf", based on the R scripts provided. Where are the values of Column Parameter values in Table "Parameters and assumptions used in the Monte Carlo method" come from (Section 12.2 Quantification of uncertainty in Reference Level Setting of ZILMP ER Monitoring Report - 2018 v.3.1_clean.docx)"? How does the function "project_emissions <- mapply()" guarantee that the correct values for AGB_before, AGB_after, BGB_before, and BGB_after were applied in the outputs of "Areas_project (the name was changed to
Round 1 MCAR/mCAR/OBS	Areas_project_boo)"? MCAR: Please re-check the formula applied in 7c. Compute variance (Rows 124:133), Area tab of Emission factor_v.1.1.xlsx, as this affects subsequent calculations. The audit team suggests (Ahd^2) x Var(Phd-bar), so Eq.4.4 in Bechtold et al. (2005), or provide any justification for the use of "Strata_info!D2^2*C89". Please also re-check Eq. 4.17 (Bechtold & Patterson, 2005) Rows 287:296, AGB tab of Emission factor_v.1.1.xlsx. Please refer to "Emission factor_v.1.1_AG_Check_Supplementary.docx" for details. MCAR: Please re-check the R script and check the discrepancy between
	"AGB_before (or, AGB_before.x)" values. However, the calculated values for "AGB_before (or, AGB_before.x)" are the same between "Monte Carlo v0.2.pdf" and "ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_MR_(2018).xlsx". Please refer to "Uncertainty_Review_AG_Check_Supplementary.docx" for details. MCAR: Please provide the reference where Column Parameter values were obtained. MCAR: Regarding "project_emissions <- mapply()", please refer to Section 5.2 Non-parametric bootrapping of "Uncertainty_Review_AG_Check_Supplementary.docx" for details.



Round 1 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)

- 1. There was an error in the variance calculation in section 7c, we will proceed with the update of the variance calculation and update the MR accordingly.
- 2. This is different to what we have, we believe for two reasons:
- i) The EFs were slightly updated between the Monte Carlo v0.2.pdf and the most recent runs. We have produced an updated version of the Monte Carlo pdf.
- ii) There shouldn't be an AGB_before.x and AGB_before.y repetition. Our best guess is that this is caused by a different version of R or the libraries we use. Are you using R 4.0.X by any chance? We developed this in R 3.6.1.

 3. Carbon Fraction and ratio of molecular weights are described in section 2.2 of the MR. Biomass values are described in section 3.1 of the MR. Project area was obtained from the official district shapefiles (please see line 11: accounting area). The activity data values are derived from the nonparametric bootstrapping. They will be slightly different to the ones shown in section 3.2 of the MR.
- 4. We believe that this is an issue caused by using R version 4.X. Please try to run the scripts again using R 3.6.3. We have added a comment in the R script stating that it should be run with R 3.6.3.

Aster Global Findings - Round 2 (04 December 2020)

- 1. The calculation is updated in Emission factor_v.2.xlsx as suggested by the audit team according to Emission factor_v.1.1_AG_Check_Supplementary.docx. Emission factor_v.2.xlsx directly adopted the codings from the audit team in Emission factor_v.1.1_AG_Check.xlsx. The updated values are reflected in page 22 & 23 of ZILMP ER Monitoring Report 2018 v.4.1.docx and BIOMASS tab of ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_MR_(2018).xlsx. This item is closed.
- 2. i) The audit team confirmed that the AGB_before values were correctly updated in the new R coding provided in line with Emission factor_v.2.xlsx. This item is closed. ii) These errors were due to the different versions of R. This is a minor error and negligible. This item is closed.
- 3. The audit team confirmed the source of the in Table "Parameters and assumptions used in the Monte Carlo method". This item is closed.
- 4. This issue was due to using different versions of R program. The audit team used R v4.0 whereas the ZILMP team used R v.3.6.3, and this issue was confirmed during the call on FEB 8, 2021 (recording available). This item is closed.

Round 2 MCAR/mCAR/OBS

MCAR: This is a minor finding. Based on Emission factor_v.2.xlsx, Lower (5th percentile) and Upper bound (95th percentile) of FSD need to be updated (page 22, ZILMP ER Monitoring Report – 2018 v.4.1.docx) to 116.15 and 173.22, respectively. Additionally, Lower (5th percentile) and Upper bound (95th percentile) for FSSV (page 23, ZILMP ER Monitoring Report - 2018 v.4.1.docx) do not match the values in Emission factor_v.2.xlsx. Please double-check if the correct values were put in.

Round 2 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)

Uncertainty estimates of Emission Factors presented in the tables of section 3.1 are derived from the Monte Carlo Simulations, with 10% added allometric uncertainty following FCPF guidance. As a result, they will not be the same as the uncertainty estimates presented in the Emission factor_v.2.xlsx. However, we have noted an issue with the calculation of uncertainty for EFs in the Monte Carlo simulations. In the Monte Carlo simulations script we have used the Z value, instead of the t value that is used in the spreadsheet. As a result the uncertainty from the MC simulations is slightly lower than what it should be. We have updated the script to use a t value and the degrees of freedom from the Emission factor_v.2.xlsx. As a result, Monte Carlo summary table in the MR has been updated.



Aster Global
Findings - Round 3
(04 December
2020)

The audit team confirmed the update of lower and upper bounds for the "subset = TRUE", so t-value, in the Monitoring Report (page 26, ZILMP ER Monitoring Report - 2018 v.5.docx).

This criterion is satisfied.

Item Number	15
Carbon Methodological Framework Version 2, June 22, 2016 - Criterion 8	Indicator 8.2: Random errors and other uncertainties are minimized to the extent practical based on the assessment of their relative contribution to the overall uncertainty of the emissions and removals. (2)
Applicability to the ER Program (Y or N/A)	Υ
Requirement Met (Y, N, or Pending)	Y
Evidence Used to Assess (Location in PD, MR or Supporting Documents	Shoch ZILMP review prelim 13Nov2020.docx
Aster Global Findings (04 December 2020)	Full accounting of uncertainty should report results of independent check cruises and an estimation of measurement error. QA/QC procedures state: "An independent measurement of 10% of the plots. This activity was conducted by technicians of the National Directorate of Forests, who had participated in the Provincial Inventories of Gaza and Cabo Delgado. Diameter below 10%" What were the results of these independent measurements and where are they archived? What were the relevant measurement tolerances?
Round 1 MCAR/mCAR/OBS	MCAR: Please address in line with findings.
Round 1 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)	Table 1 of the FCPF Guidelines on Uncertainty Analysis of ERs for Measurement Error states that "The FMT conducted an assessment of the contribution of this source of error (c.f. Annex) and found that this source of error should be negligible for Emission Reduction estimation, provided minimal QA/QC procedures are in place. The contribution of this source of error to random error is low, yet QA/QC procedures should be in place to avoid systematic errors.". Column 7 indicates that measurement error does not need to be quantified.
	As explained in Section 3.1 of the ER MR, the QA/QC procedures that were implemented included different levels to reduce this error: a) Establishment of robust SOPs; b) Training of crews on SOPs; c) Remeasurement by supervisory of inventory team; d) Independent measurement (which is what is referred to). The remeasurement data is being processed and the results will be shared with the VVB with the next submission of the updated Monitoring Report.



Aster Global Findings - Round 2 (04 December 2020)	More detailed information regarding assessment of sampling design and measurement error can be found in "Independent evaluation of Mozambique national activity data collection protocols, forest inventory design, and, data analysis (James Alegria, 2020)", which concludes that the basic approach of the national activity data collection protocols, forest inventory design, and, data analysis as designed for the ER Program is overall sound while not perfect in implementation and execution. Therefore, the audit team concludes that the errors regarding sampling design including measurement errors are neglible. However, this item will be closed after confirming that the independent measurement is shared with the audit team and reflected in the updated Monitoring Report.
Round 2 MCAR/mCAR/OBS	MCAR: Please address in line with findings.
Round 2 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)	The raw data for the independent measurements of the IFN will be shared with the VVB, as well as a brief analysis of the results. It will be placed in the .\Docs\QAQC_IFN\ folder (https://www.dropbox.com/sh/usoaqjfv1gsg6ef/AADEjxk7ZAxfhEzRXSBWV2IKa ?dl=0).
Aster Global Findings - Round 3 (04 December 2020)	The audit team confirms the receipt of "QAQC_IFN" and appreciates the field efforts for QA/QC while "the NFI plots are temporary plots, and the trees are not individually marked or registered in the field. As a result, the remeasurement conducted in the QA process required the teams to locate and set up the cluster from scratch. Since the plots were not permanently marked, it is impossible to dissociate measurement error from plot delineation error." However, depending on the efforts put into the ER Program and professionals involved in, the audit team has a certain level of assurance that measurement errors are de minimis, and "Descricao_QAQC do IFN.docx" clearly states limitations and improvements for future QA/QC procedures. Therefore, the audit team concludes that the QA/QC for re-measurement is reasonable.

Item Number	16
Carbon Methodological Framework Version 2, June 22, 2016 - Criterion 14	Indicator 14.3: Emission factors or the methods to determine them are the same for Reference Level setting and for Monitoring, or are demonstrably equivalent. IPCC Tier 2 or higher methods are used to establish emission factors, and the uncertainty for each emission factor is documented. IPCC Tier 1 methods may be considered in exceptional cases.
Applicability to the ER Program (Y or N/A)	Y
Requirement Met (Y, N, or Pending)	Υ
Evidence Used to Assess (Location in PD, MR or Supporting Documents	ZILMP ER Monitoring Report - 2018 v.3.1_final_clean



Aster Global Findings (04 December 2020)

The audit team assessed the emission factors reported in the MR and ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_RL workbook and noted that the AGB for F>C in the biomass tab of the previously mentioned workbook is 10. This appears to be a Tier 1 method and there is no explanation as to why a Tier 1 emission factor is used. The VVB notes that all the EFs for AGB in the Biomass tab of the RL workbook that come from the IPCC area all Tier 1 emission factors.

Addtionally, 10 is the the estimate for "Tropical, wet" but other emission factors are used are for "Tropical, dry".

The audit team noted that the EF for BGB for F>P is 6.44 (cell B37 of the Biomass Tab in the ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_RL workbook); however, there audit team was unable this value using the reference supplied by the ER Program.

The audit team noted that the Carbon Fraction referenced in cell C55 of the Biomass Tab in the ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_RL workbook appears to be a Tier 1 estimate.

Round 1 MCAR/mCAR/OBS

MCAR: Indicator 14.3 dictates that Tier 2 above emission factors must be used except in "exceptional cases". Please use an emission factor that satisfies this criteria for the AGB for Fores to Cropland, Forest to Pasture, Forest to Other, and Forest to Urban.

MCAR: Additionally, the AGB emission factor for F>C conversion of 10 is for "Tropical, wet" but other emission factors used on for "Tropical, dry". Please explain this inconsistency.

MCAR: Please correct the reference or value (whichever is incorrect) for the BGB for F>P (the value located in cell B37 of the Biomass Tab in the ZILMP_Emissions_Calculations_RL workbook).

MCAR: Indicator 14.3 dictates that Tier 2 above emission factors must be used except in "exceptional cases". Please use an Carbon Fraction estimate that satisfies this criteria.



Round 1 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)

- 1. Indicator 14.3 of the FCPF MF requires the use of Tier 2 or higher methods, yet Tier 1 methods may be considered in exceptional cases. Unfortunately, mozambique does not have the country-specific data for post-deforestation emission factors. The ERPD presented values for post deforestation agricultural lands. However this data was based on a local study that was never published in a scientific article and we did not have access to the raw data. As a result, we decided to revert to the IPCC defaults, which were also used in Mozambique's National FREL.
- 2. The value of 10 tdm/ha was used because the agricultural land in Mozambique is mostly under the annual-crop farming practices that drive conversion of forest land to agricultural lands. So, according to 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories (Volume 4, Chapter 5, Section 5.28), for lands planted in annual crops, the default value of growth in crops planted after conversion is 5 tonnes of C per hectare, based on the original IPCC Guidelines recommendation of 10 tonnes of dry biomass per hectare (dry biomass has been converted to tonnes carbon in Table 5.9) (2006 IPCC, Volume 4, Chapter 5, Section 5.28).
- 3. The values and assumptions of 2006 IPCC GL, Volume 4, Chapter 6, TABLE 6.1 and TABLE 6.4 are used. As the climate in most of Mozambique is tropical dry to subtropical dry, the value for semi-arid grassland in tropical dry climate zone is used, therefore a root-shoot ratio of 2.8 (TABLE 6.1) is applied to the value of peak above-ground biomass, 2.3 tonnes of dry biomass per hectare (TABLE 6.4), generating the expected values 6.44 tonnes of dry biomass per hectare. This will be better explained in the spreadsheet and the MR.
- 4. Indicator 14.3 of the FCPF MF requires the use of Tier 2 or higher methods, yet Tier 1 methods may be considered in exceptional cases. Since there is no CF available in the country and the impact of this factor is very little, we consider this to be an exceptional case. It is worht noting that the reason why Tier 2 is preferred over Tier 1 is the uncertainty linked to Tier 1 as they might not be representative. Table 1 of the FCPF Guidelines on Uncertainty Analysis of ERs for 'Other parameters (e.g. Carbon Fraction, root-to-shoot ratios)' states that "These are usually not measured but sourced from scientific publications, databases or the 2006 IPCC Guidelines...the lack of QA/QC procedures for the selection of the values may lead to high systematic errors", so the concern of using Tier 1 is around systematic errors. Paragraph 5 of the same guidelines also indicate that systematic errors should be reduced as far as practical. As part of the QA/QC, the MRV team researched in the bibliography and held consultations with experts which resulted in using the value of 0.47 tC sourced from the 2006 IPCC GL and which is more conservative than the 0.5 that is commonly used and was used before consultations were undertaken.



Aster Global Findings - Round 2 (04 December 2020)

- 1. The audit team understands that there are no Tier 2 emission factors for Mozambique for the reference parameters and the audit team is reasonably assured that this is true based on an independent search of the literature. However, the audit team noted that some of the referenced IPCC emission factors have been updated in the most recent 2019 Refinement to the 2006 IPCC Guidelines. Please update the emission factors to using the most recent IPCC Guidelines.
- 2. Thank you for the clarification. The audit team reviewed the the calculation for this parameter and confirms that it was carried out correctly. The audit team found that the Error % for the 10 tdm/ha is stated as 75% (the error percentage for 5 tonnes of C/ha); however, this error % does not account for the error of the in the conversion from tonnes of C/ha to tdm/ha).
- 3. Thank you for the clarification. The audit team reviewed the the calculation for this parameter and confirms that it was carried out correctly. Similar to the Finding 2 (above), it appears as the error percentage for both parameters is not accounted for. In other words, the root-to-shoot ratio of 2.8 has the error of 95%, and for example of BGB F>P 6.44, the error 75% is only applied not accounting for the error 95% of the root-to-shoot ratio. More specifically, BGB F>P is a new variable based on (AGB * root-to-shoot ratio), and the variance should be VAR(AGB * root-to-shoot ratio) for BGB F>P, so in simple terms, VAR(XY). Please update with new errors or, provide justification on using the same errors as AGBs for BGBs for default factors.
- 4.The audit team understands that there are no Tier 2 emission factors for Mozambique for the reference parameters and the audit team is reasonably assured that this is true based on an independent search of the literature.

Round 2 MCAR/mCAR/OBS

MCAR: Please ensure all parameters sourced from the IPCC guidelines utilize the most recent version of the IPCC guidelines.

MCAR: Please account for the error percentages of both emission factors referenced in Findings 2 and 3.



Round 2 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)

- 1. The parameters are in line with the 2019 Refinement to the 2006 IPCC GLs for National GHGI.
- 2.We agree that the 75% uncertainty figure applies to tonnes of carbon rather than tonnes of dry biomass. However we don't believe that our use of it for tonnes dry matter is unreasonable, on the basis that:
- i) The figure is a nominal estimate of uncertainty, rather than one based on formal measurements as might be used if local inventory data were used. The nominal figure provides very large bounds (3.8 16.2 tonnes/ha at 90 percent confidence interval), and the impact of carbon fraction will be by far the smaller part of this uncertainty.
- ii) We consider that estimates of carbon content would have greater uncertainty than dry biomass as a result of variation in carbon fractions, so use of 75% is conservative.
- iii) In the Monte Carlo analysis an additional uncertainty is applied to the 10 tonnes dry matter figure to account for the carbon fraction (from a triangular distribution, based on IPCC estimates of 0.47 with a range of 0.44 0.49). Again, this is a conservative approach where alternatively a figure of 5 tC/ha \pm 75% could be legitimately used.
- 3. We agree with the comment in point 3. We will update the relevant spreadsheets with the correct values for uncertainty of BGB for F>P

Aster Global Findings - Round 3 (04 December 2020)

- 1. The audit team confirmed that all emission factors are in line with the 2019 Refinement of the 2006 IPCC Guidelines.
- 2. The audit team understands the reasoning provided in the response from the ER Program. We agree that the inclusion of the uncertainty for the carbon fraction is small and is significantly smaller than the uncertainty estimate associated with the carbon fraction. This criteria is satisfied.
- 3. This finding is closed as "An additional 10% uncertainty is added at 90% confidence interval" in uncertainty analysis. This criterion is satisfied.

Item Number	17
Carbon	Indicator 17.1: Deforestation and degradation drivers that may be impacted by
Methodological	the proposed ER Program Measures are identified, and their associated risk for
Framework	Displacement is assessed, as well as possible risk mitigation strategies. This
Version 2, June 22,	assessment categorizes Displacement risks as high, medium or low.
2016 - Criterion 17	
Applicability to	Υ
the ER Program	
(Y or N/A)	
Requirement	Υ
Met	
(Y, N, or Pending)	
Evidence Used to	ZILMP ER Monitoring Report - 2018 v.3.1_clean.docx
Assess (Location in	
PD, MR or	
Supporting	
Documents	



Aster Global Findings (04 December 2020)	This indicator is addressed in "Update on the strategy to mitigate and/or minimize potential Displacement." of "ZILMP ER Monitoring Report - 2018 v.3.1_clean.docx". The MR identifies following three risks and categorizes risk of displacement as high, medium or low: "slash and burn" agriculture, low / charcoal production, low / unsustainable forestry practices, medium. However, https://bit.ly/geoportalmrvfnds > cannot be linked.
Round 1 MCAR/mCAR/OBS	MCAR: Please provide the exact link of https://bit.ly/geoportalmrvfnds , or an appropriate source.
Round 1 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)	Please note that Indicator 17.1 of the FCPF MF is not within the criteria of validation and verification as per Table 7 of the Validation and Verification Guidelines. In any case, we assume that the comment is related to Indicator 17.3 and 17.4 which is covered by the verification as per Para 32 b) of the VVG, so we have updated the referred link (https://bit.ly/GeoportalMRVOnline)
Aster Global Findings - Round 2 (04 December 2020)	The audit team reviewed the updated MR and confirms that the link is correct and functions as intended.

Item Number	18
Carbon	
Methodological	
Framework	
Version 2, June 22,	
2016 - Criterion 22	
Applicability to	Υ
the ER Program	
(Y or N/A)	
Requirement	Υ
Met	
(Y, N, or Pending)	
Evidence Used to	
Assess (Location in	
PD, MR or	
Supporting	
Documents	
Aster Global	The audit team was unable to locate program files that demonstrate how the
Findings	"Aggregate Uncertainty of Emissions Reductions" are calculated.
(04 December	
2020)	Is there a particular reason for using median as relativity? Or, is median same
	as mean, since the distribution is normal?
Round 1	MCAR: Please provide the Program files necessary to ensure that the
MCAR/mCAR/OBS	""Aggregate Uncertainty of Emissions Reductions" is quantified correctly.
	MCAR: Please address in line with findings.
Round 1 Response	1) The "Aggregate uncertainty of emission reductions" is taken from the output
from ER Program	table "emissions_estimate_table.csv", located in ./uncertainty/output/tables.
Entity	2) This has been estimated following the guidance provided in the ER MR
(DD MonthYYYY)	Template, Section 5.1 > Quantification of the uncertainty of the estimate of
	Emission Reductions, that specifies that the relative margin of error is
	calculated by dividing the half width confidence interval by the median.



Aster Global
Findings - Round 2
(04 December
2020)

- 1. The audit team reviewed the Aggregate Uncertainty of Emissions and confirms that appropriate uncertainty discount 4% is applied correctly.
- 2. The audit team confirmed that the median is same as mean as each parameter for uncertainty estimation assume normal distribution.

It a mar Ni mar I	42		
Item Number	19		
Carbon Methodological	Indicator 37.4: Administrative procedures are defined for the operations of a national or centralized REDD+ Programs and Projects Data Management		
Framework	System; and an audit of the operations is carried out by an independent third		
Version 2, June 22,	party periodically, as agreed with the Carbon Fund.		
2016	party periodically, as agreed with the earborn and.		
Applicability to	Υ		
the ER Program			
(Y or N/A)			
Requirement	Υ		
Met			
(Y, N, or Pending)			
Evidence Used to	Mozambique_Revised ERPD_16April2018_CLEAN.pdf		
Assess (Location in			
PD, MR or			
Supporting			
Documents			
Aster Global	This criterion is addressed in "Administrative procedure for the REDD+ Program		
Findings	and Project Data Management System" of "Mozambique_Revised		
(04 December	ERPD_16April2018_CLEAN.pdf". It is stated that "The MRV team within FNDS is		
2020)	currently working on it and should make it available in the coming months."		
5 14	AACAD III II I		
Round 1	MCAR: Has document stating administrative procedures been released, or still		
MCAR/mCAR/OBS	in progress?		
Round 1 Response from ER Program	The document describing the administrative procedures of the REDD+ Programs and Projects Data Management System is still in progress.		
Entity	Mozambique is developing and implementing its own comprehensive national		
(DD MonthYYYY)	REDD+ Program and Projects Data Management System. The system is hosted		
(22	and managed by FNDS as per de REDD+ decree "the FNDS is responsible for (vi)		
	managing the national REDD+ Programs and Projects Data Management		
	System and for (vii) communicating to the entity in charge of the ER		
	Transactions Registry all information related to ERs generated by REDD+		
	projects". Currently the system is implemented through a WebGIS platform		
	(https://bit.ly/RegistoDeProgramas) alongside with the NFMS and the		
	program's M&E Web portal. The system is still under development, as currently		
	Mozambique only has one ER program.		
	Please see section 6.2 of the MR for more details.		
Aster Global	Pending the receipt of the requested documents.		
Findings - Round 2			
(04 December			
2020)			
Round 2 MCAR/mCAR/OBS			
Round 2 Response	We have shared the draft version of the Terms of Reference for the REDD+		
from ER Program	Programs and Projects Registry Document as well as the Manual of Procedures		
Entity	for the Licensing of REDD+ Projects in the folder .\Docs\Supplementary\REDD+		
(DD MonthYYYY)	Registry\		
	(https://www.dropbox.com/sh/in1yhzhpgrl9ob7/AACrJez4uYGN0u6Cw3FxnP0		
	Ha?dl=0)		



Aster Global Findings - Round 3 (04 December 2020)	The audit team confirmed the receipt of the draft version of the Terms of Reference for the REDD+ Programs and Projects Registry Document and the Manual of Procedures for the Licensing of REDD+ Projects.	
,	The VVB reached out to FCPF regarding the issue of whether or not draft forms of the documents provided to satisfy this criteria were sufficient as they are still in draft form. Guidance from FCPF received on 5/3/2021 states that the draft documents are sufficient to satisfy this criteria.	
	However, this will be issued as an OBS which will require the VVB to review this item at the next verification.	
Round 3 MCAR/mCAR/OBS	OBS: Please ensure for future verifications that finalized administrative procedures are defined for the operations of the national REDD+ Programs and Projects Data Management System.	

20 ined in a national or centralized REDD+		
ined in a national or centralized REDD+		
Indicator 37.3: The information contained in a national or centralized REDD+		
Programs and Projects Data Management System is available to the public via		
the internet in the national official language of the host country (other means		
may be considered as required).		
Υ		
Mozambique_Revised ERPD_16April2018_CLEAN.pdf		
1) What is the central publicly available website for this ER Program? Is		
https://www.forestcarbonpartnership.org/ > the website for all public		
resources? 2) What is the level of information that can be released to the		
public? For example, is plot-level individual tree data publicly available?		
e finding related to availability of		
it.ly/sistemaregistoREDD		
data that should be available in the		
entity that has Title to ERs produced; ii.		
ogram or project; iii. Scope of REDD+		
e Reference Level used. There is no		
ch is part of Indicator 6.2. As explained in		
a at the plot level are publicly available in		
[include link], yet the raw data cannot be made publicly available as per the		
can be sensitive as it can point out to		
er value species or it can be used		
inappropriately. Thus the raw data cannot be made publicly available, but it has		
ee' in file Emission factor_v.1.1.xlsx,		
2018\Emission Factors'). Therefore,		
erion 6 and thus Indicator 6.2.		



Aster Global	1) The website http://bit.ly/sistemaregistoREDD is confirmed. This item is		
Findings - Round 2	closed.		
(04 December	2) See Row 14 findings "The audit team confirms the Criterion 6 and agrees the		
2020)	non-disclosure of tree level to the public." This item is closed.		

Item Number	21	
FCPF Glossary of Terms V2 - April 2021 - Definition/Criteria	Crediting Period - The period between the Crediting Period Start Date and the end date of the last Reporting Period under the ER Program which consists of at least two (2) Reporting Periods.	
Applicability to the ER Program (Y or N/A)	Υ	
Requirement Met (Y, N, or Pending)	Υ	
Evidence Used to Assess (Location in PD, MR or Supporting Documents	MR	
Aster Global Findings (04 December 2020)	The audit team was unable to confirm that this criteria is satisfied.	
Round 1 MCAR/mCAR/OBS	MCAR: Please clarify where in the MR there is language that satisfies this criteria or add additional language to the MR.	
Round 1 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)	A subsection named Crediting Period Start Date was added in Section 1.1. This subsection specifically states the Crediting Period and contains tables which include the implementation date of the 4 WB projects in the ERPA region, as well as the specific on-the-ground activities and enabling environment interventions conducted in 2018.	
Aster Global Findings - Round 2 (04 December 2020)	The audit team reviewed the projects listed in Table 1 but was unable to find verifiable evidence that these programs commenced prior to the start date. The PADs folder has the project proposals for all four projects but these proposals do not indicate when the program started.	
Round 2 MCAR/mCAR/OBS	MCAR: Please address in line with the finding.	



Round 2 Response from ER Program Entity (DD MonthYYYY)	We have removed Table 1 in the updated version of the report, since it did not serve any purpose with regards to evidence of implementation of activities. We kept Table 2, which does have that evidence (it is now numbered Table 1). MozFIP: There is evidence of community delimitations as early as 26 February 2018, which can be seen in the dashboard of results of the service provider (https://sites.google.com/site/verdeazullandscape/rduat). Sustenta: The business plans provided are from August 2017 (https://www.dropbox.com/s/vpd1h9vjrj47f9a/Planos%20de%20Negocio.rar?d l=0) and the invoices of purchase of agricultural inputs are from December 2017 (https://www.dropbox.com/s/y6d6rqyuc0s7hp7/Facturas.rar?dl=0). MozBIO: Please see the Addendum #1 of the contract with ETC Terra (https://www.dropbox.com/s/x2sf9sh8xtfzqso/3%20-%20Adenda.pdf?dl=0), which justifies the payment of activities in 2018, because activities had been successfully implemented since 2016. These activities are descrubed in Annex A of this Addendum (pages 5 and 6). Additional evidence of implementation of activities can be found in the Project Activity Report 2017 (https://www.dropbox.com/s/vhhmfnmxrjit0ac/2017%20-%20Relat%C3%B3rio%20de%20Actividades_Mozbio1_180329-2.pdf?dl=0).
Aster Global Findings - Round 3 (04 December 2020)	Thank you for clarifying the crediting period in the updated Monitoring report. As the crediting period January 1 2018 - December 31 2024 covers two reporting periods this criteria is satisfied.

Item Number	22	
FCPF Glossary of Terms V2 - April	Crediting Period Start Date - Is the date that complies with the following conditions:	
2021 -	1. It is not earlier than the date the first ER Program Measure(s) (including any	
Definition/Criteria	SubProject(s)) begins generating ERs, i.e. first implementation2.	
Applicability to	Y	
the ER Program		
(Y or N/A)		
Requirement	Y	
Met		
(Y, N, or Pending)		
Evidence Used to	MR	
Assess (Location in		
PD, MR or		
Supporting		
Documents		
Aster Global	1. The audit team was unable to locate within the MR where the crediting	
Findings	period start date is justified.	
(04 December		
2020)		
Round 1	MCAR: Please clarify where there is language in the MR that satisfies this	
MCAR/mCAR/OBS	criteria or add additional language to the MR.	
Round 1 Response	Sustenta, MozBio and MozFIP all had on-the-ground activities in 2018. Please	
from ER Program	see Table 2 in the MR, in section 1.1.	
Entity		
(DD MonthYYYY)		



Aster Global Findings - Round 2 (04 December 2020)	The audit team reviewed the documents provided however it is unclear which document justifies a start date of January 1, 2018. The vast of majority of documents provided we dated after the start date. Additionally, the documents in the PAD all appear to be grant proposals which are all dated prior to the start date but fail to show that the start date is not prior to the first ER Program Measures. Additionally, it was noted that the crediting period is not stated in the MR. For clarity it would useful to state the crediting period. The audit team also noted that the MR incorrectly states that "The Crediting Period for this Report is from January 1st 2018 to December 31st 2018." The time covered in the MR should be correctly termed the reporting period. With the crediting period being about 5 years (per the ERPD.
Round 2	MCAR: Please clarify for the audit team when the first ER measure was
MCAR/mCAR/OBS	implemented that justifies the use of the current start date.
	MCAR: Please update the MR to reflect the definitions given in the FCPF Glossary of terms.
Round 2 Response	1. For Mozbio project we have: support to implementation of agriculture
from ER Program	campaign in 2016, nurseries established in 2017, training of forest rangers in
Entity	2016 (https://www.dropbox.com/s/vhhmfnmxrjit0ac/2017%20-
(DD MonthYYYY)	%20Relat%C3%B3rio%20de%20Actividades_Mozbio1_180329-2.pdf?dl=0). For MozFIP we have the delimitation of communities starting on 26 February. For
	Sustenta we have the invoices of purchase of agricultural inputs from
	December 2017. 2. Thank you for the correction. We were in fact
	misunderstanding the meaning of the Crediting Period. The text has been
	changed in the MR, with the crediting period being from 1st January 2018 to
	31st December 2024. The evidence for this is the Ammendment to the ERPA,
	which was signed on July 30 2020
	(https://www.dropbox.com/s/c804u02cpj1l0sn/Tranche%20A%20ERPA.pdf?dl =0 and
	https://www.dropbox.com/s/7bxf6stv6lj0jzi/Tranche%20B%20ERPA.pdf?dl=0).
Aster Global	Thank you clarifying the different project timelines and providing evidence to
Findings - Round 3	support the use of the start date. The audit team reviewed the updated MR
(04 December	and confirms that the crediting period is stated correctly in the MR.
2020)	Additionally, the audit team reviewed the evidence provided and is reasonably assured that start date is not before the the ER Program Measures began generating ERs, in line with the FCPF Methodological Framework.

Item Number	23
FCPF Glossary of	Crediting Period Start Date- 2. It is justified with objective evidence by the ER
Terms V2 - April	Program Entity and it is
2021 -	independently assessed by a Validation Verification Body during Validation.
Definition/Criteria	
Applicability to	Υ
the ER Program	
(Y or N/A)	
Requirement	Υ
Met	
(Y, N, or Pending)	
Evidence Used to	MR
Assess (Location in	
PD, MR or	



Cummonting	 		
Supporting Documents			
Documents			
Aster Global	2. Additionally, the audit team was unable to find evidence that supports the		
Findings	2. Additionally, the audit team was unable to find evidence that supports the		
(04 December	justification of the start date of the crediting period.		
2020)			
Round 1	MCAR: Please provide verifiable evidence that supports the justification of the		
MCAR/mCAR/OBS	Crediting Period Start Date.		
Round 1 Response	A new folder has been added to the Mozambique ERPA 2018 dropbox		
from ER Program	(\Docs\Supplementary\Evidence of implementation). This folder contains the		
Entity	PADs of the 4 WB projects, as well as specific evidence of activities conducted		
(DD MonthYYYY)	in 2018. Each file is referenced in the MR (Tables 1 and 2).		
Aster Global	The audit team reviewed the folder as directed but was unable to find any		
Findings - Round 2	contract/document that fell prior to the Jan 1, 2018 start dated.		
(04 December	, ,		
2020)			
Round 2	MCAR: Please clarify for the audit team which of these documents supports the		
MCAR/mCAR/OBS	use of the current start date.		
Round 2 Response	MozFIP: There is evidence of community delimitations as early as 26 February		
from ER Program	2018, which can be seen in the dashboard of results of the service provider		
Entity	(https://sites.google.com/site/verdeazullandscape/rduat). INDUFOR Sustenta:		
(DD MonthYYYY)	The business plans provided are from August 2017		
	(https://www.dropbox.com/s/vpd1h9vjrj47f9a/Planos%20de%20Negocio.rar?d		
	I=0) and the invoices of purchase of agricultural inputs are from December		
	2017 (https://www.dropbox.com/s/y6d6rqyuc0s7hp7/Facturas.rar?dl=0).		
	MozBIO: Please see the Addendum #1 of the contract with ETC Terra		
	(https://www.dropbox.com/s/x2sf9sh8xtfzqso/3%20-%20Adenda.pdf?dl=0),		
	which justifies the payment of activities in 2018, because activities had been		
	successfully implemented since 2016. These activities are described in Annex A		
	of this Addendum (pages 5 and 6). Additional evidence of implementation of		
	activities can be found in the Project Activity Report 2017		
	(https://www.dropbox.com/s/vhhmfnmxrjit0ac/2017%20-		
	%20Relat%C3%B3rio%20de%20Actividades_Mozbio1_180329-2.pdf?dl=0).		
Aster Global	Thank you clarifying the different project timelines and providing evidence to		
Findings - Round 3	support the use of the start date. The audit team reviewed the updated MR		
(04 December	and confirms that the crediting period is stated correctly in the MR.		
2020)	Additionally, the audit team reviewed the evidence provided and is reasonably		
	assured that start date is not before the the ER Program Measures began		
	generating ERs, in line with the FCPF Methodological Framework.		

APPENDIX 2: List of Documents Received and Reviewed by Aster Global

File Name	Date Received
FCPF Charter_April 8 2020_amended_clean_1.pdf	September 8, 2020
Mozambique_Revised ERPD_16April2018_CLEAN.pdf	September 8, 2020
OneDrive_1_9-10-2020.zip	September 8, 2020
ZILMP ER Monitoring Report - 2018 v.3.1_final_clean.docx	September 8, 2020
ReadMe - Folder Structure.docx	September 8, 2020
Simple guide_AD_MP.docx	September 8, 2020
ZILMP_AD_Calculations_MR_(2018).xlsx	September 8, 2020
Simple guide_AD_RL.docx	September 8, 2020
ZILMP_AD_Calculations_RL_(2005_2015).xlsx	September 8, 2020



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Manual do Inventario Florestal.pdf	February 11, 2021
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Emission factor_v.1.1.xlsx	February 11, 2021
Emission factor v.2.xlsx	February 11, 2021
Nota das actualizações dos factores de emissão.docx Dates of deforestation events.xlsx	February 11, 2021
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ZILMP ER Monitoring Report - 2018 v.3.1_clean.docx	February 11, 2021
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GHG emission estimation SOP.DOCX	February 11, 2021
Passo a Passo para o Levantamento e Estimativa de Emissões do AFOLU.pdf	February 11, 2021
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ZILMP ER Monitoring Report - 2018 v.5.docx	April 16, 2021
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Manual do Inventario Florestal.pdf	April 16, 2021
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Relatório Inventário Zambezia actualização 09 02 2021.pdf	April 16, 2021
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Supplementary - Shortcut.lnk	April 16, 2021
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2 - ANAC MozBio Nota liquidacao.pdf	April 16, 2021
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MozBIO.pdf	April 16, 2021
MozDGM.pdf	April 16, 2021
MozFIP.pdf	April 16, 2021
Sustenta.pdf	April 16, 2021
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Analise QA QC.xlsx	April 16, 2021
Descricao QAQC do IFN.docx	April 16, 2021
Manual de Procedimentos Licenciamento.docx	April 16, 2021
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Nota das actualizações dos factores de emissão.docx	April 16, 2021
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R4.X	April 16, 2021
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emission_factors_old.csv	April 16, 2021
strata_lulc_relation.csv	April 16, 2021
zambezia_RF_pb_lulucf_up_final_2018.tif	April 16, 2021
zilmp_lulcc_2018.tif	April 16, 2021
ZILMP_RF_pb_lulucf_up_6_classes_2018.tif	April 16, 2021
Zambezia_2018_Reference_points_2018_27.09.19.csv	April 16, 2021
Zambezia_2018_Reference_points_post_stratification_28.04.2020.csv	April 16, 2021
ZILMP_2005_2015_collectedData_earthad.csv	April 16, 2021
Activity data_FREL_Update_2018.xlsx	April 16, 2021
EF_uncertainty_calculation.xlsx	April 16, 2021
Emissões_2017-2018_Zambézia_EF_provincial_SB.xlsx	April 16, 2021
Zambézia_Resultados_AD_100%(2005_2015)_EF_provincial_08_02_20.xlsx	April 16, 2021
ZILMP_Emissions_2018_08.05.20 (post-stratified).xlsx	April 16, 2021
ZILMP_Emissions_2018_08.05.20 (Updated).xlsx	April 16, 2021
zilmp_2018_deforestation_area.png	April 16, 2021
AD_monitoring_uncertainty.csv	April 16, 2021
AD_reference_uncertainty.csv	April 16, 2021
EF_aboveground.csv	April 16, 2021
EF_belowground.csv	April 16, 2021
emissions_estimate_table.csv	April 16, 2021
emissions_reduction_estimate_table.csv	April 16, 2021
emissions_reference_estimate_table.csv	April 16, 2021
mc_summary_table.csv	April 16, 2021
sensitivity_analysis.csv	April 16, 2021
zilmp 2018 corrected map areas.csv	April 16, 2021
zilmp_2018_deforestation_results.csv	April 16, 2021
Monte Carlo v0.2.pdf	April 16, 2021
monte carlo v0.html	April 16, 2021
monte carlo v0.Rmd	April 16, 2021
monte_carlo_v0_1.html	April 16, 2021
monte carlo v0 1.Rmd	April 16, 2021
monte carlo v0 2.html	April 16, 2021
monte_carlo_v0_2.Rmd	April 16, 2021
monte carlo v0 3.html	April 16, 2021
monte carlo v0 3.Rmd	April 16, 2021
monte_carlo_v0_3.kilid monte_carlo_v0_4.html	April 16, 2021 April 16, 2021
monte_carlo_v0_4.ntml monte carlo v0 4.Rmd	April 16, 2021 April 16, 2021
monte carlo v0 5.html	
monte_cario_v0_5.ntml monte carlo v0 5.Rmd	April 16, 2021 April 16, 2021
zilmp_overview.PNG	April 16, 2021
unnamed-chunk-18-1.png	April 16, 2021
unnamed-chunk-19-1.png	April 16, 2021
unnamed-chunk-24-1.png	April 16, 2021
unnamed-chunk-25-1.png	April 16, 2021

Verification Report Template



unnamed-chunk-25-2.png	April 16, 2021
unnamed-chunk-26-1.png	April 16, 2021
server.R	April 16, 2021
ui.R	April 16, 2021
app.R	April 16, 2021
emissions_estimation.R	April 16, 2021
emissions_estimation_simple.R	April 16, 2021
statified_area_estimation.R	April 16, 2021
area_estimation.R	April 16, 2021
calculate_emissions.R	April 16, 2021
emissions.R	April 16, 2021
raster.R	April 16, 2021
reference.R	April 16, 2021
app.R	April 16, 2021
Analise_QA_QC.xlsx	April 16, 2021
Descricao_QAQC do IFN.docx	April 16, 2021
20064.00 AG ZILMP Round3Findings.xlsx	April 29, 2021
ZILMP ER Monitoring Report - 2018 v.5.1.docx	April 29, 2021



Document information

Version	Date	Description
1.1	November 2020	Reference to the guidelines on uncertainty analysis of emission reductions was included.
1.0	August 2020	Initial version adopted.