

### Forest Carbon Partnership Facility

# Readiness Assessment Framework: Setting the stage for R-Package Reviews

Twenty-first Meeting of the Participants Committee (PC21)
Washington D.C.

May 3-5, 2016

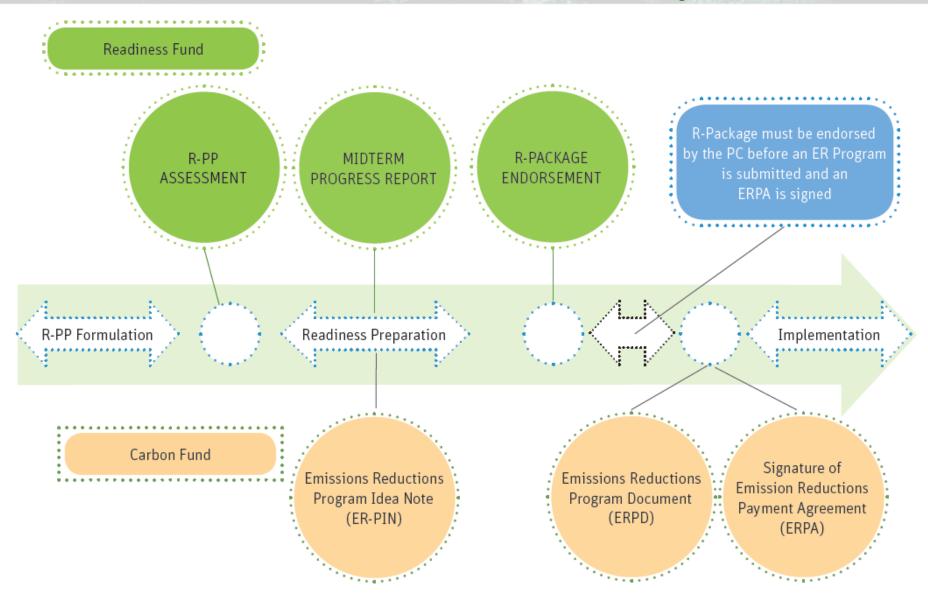


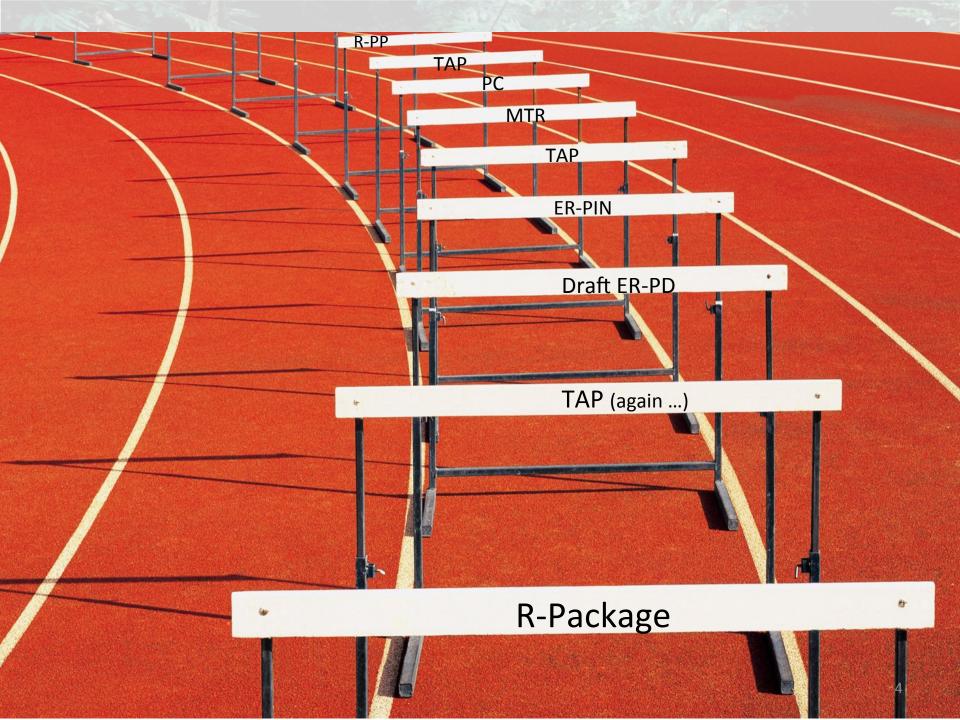
### **Session Objectives**

- Describe key features of the Readiness Assessment Framework as adopted in 2013
- Explain the process of the R-Package review at this meeting



# Readiness Assessment: Milestones in FCPF Readiness and Carbon Fund processes





# Readiness assessment serves multiple purposes

- Assess progress on readiness
- Demonstrate national commitment to REDD+
- Receive feedback and guidance
- Submit a program to the Carbon
   Fund (eligibility requirement)
- Display transparency
- Demonstrate that relevant social and environmental risks are being addressed
- Potentially attract additional funds to scale up

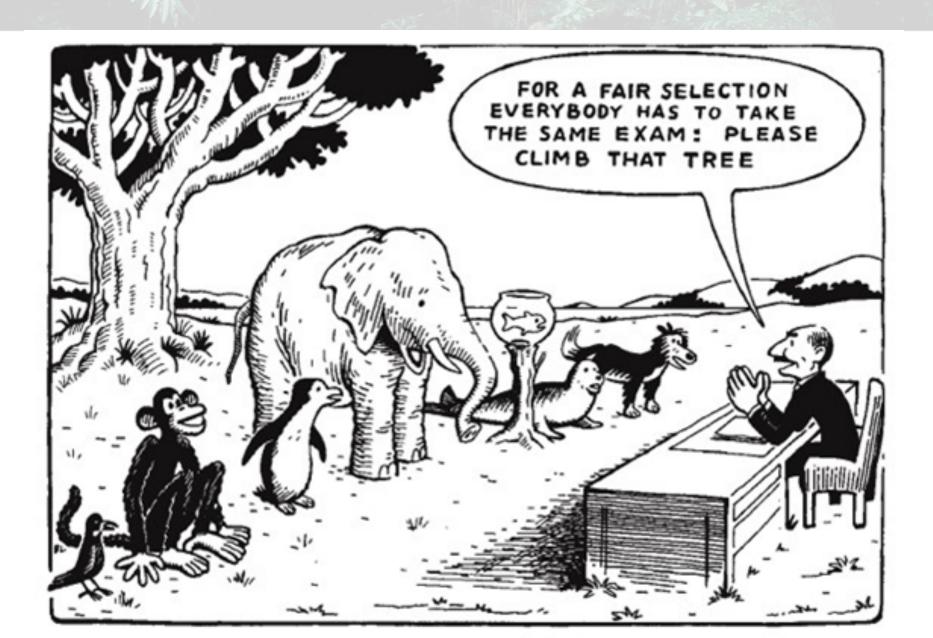






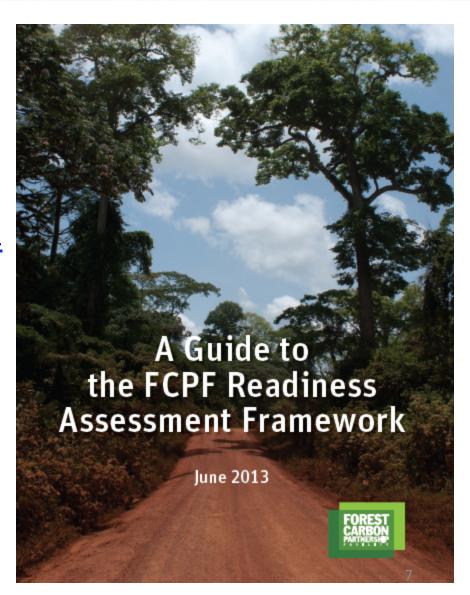


### **NOT** a Good Assessment Approach



#### **Readiness Assessment Framework**

- The Readiness
   Assessment Framework
   was adopted by PC14
  - Resolution PC/14/2013/1
  - FMT Note 2013-1 rev
- A guidance document is available on the <u>FCPF website</u>



# The Readiness Assessment Framework is designed to measure *relative* progress

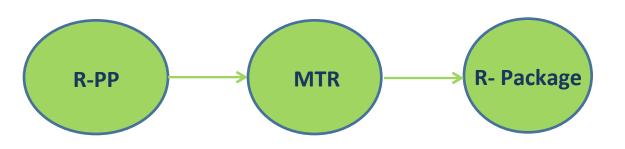
- Not an absolute standard for readiness
- Pace of progress varies from country to country
- Many aspects of readiness will remain ongoing
- Includes all readiness
   preparation activities
   (irrespective of funding source)







### Countries report progress on same readiness components over time

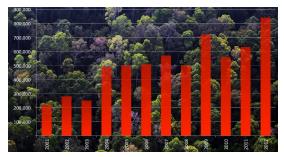




- 1. Readiness Organization and Consultation
- 2. REDD+ Strategy Preparation
- 3. Reference Level
- 4. Monitoring Systems (Forests, Safeguards)









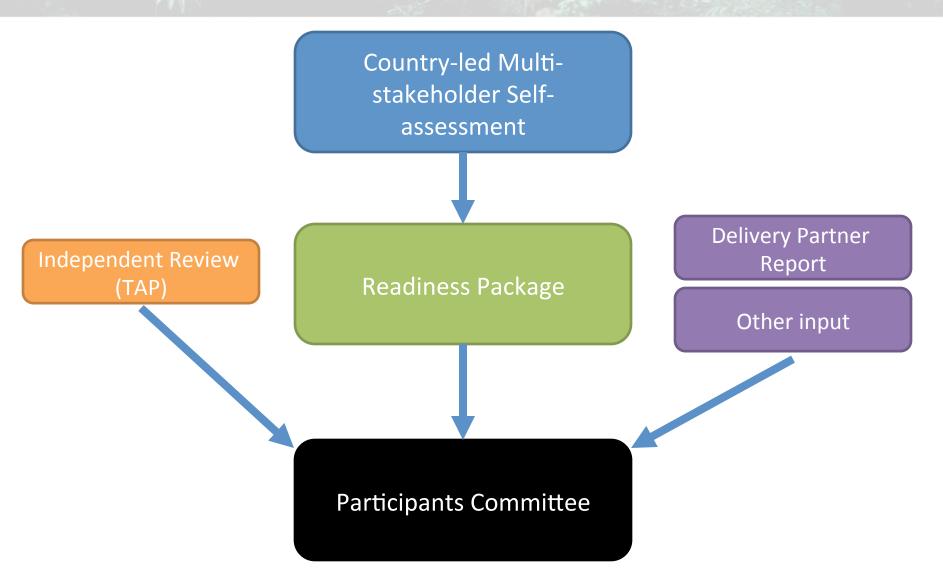
#### Structure of the Assessment Framework

For each subcomponent (9), the assessment framework provides

- Assessment criteria (34)
  - Core readiness activities
- Diagnostic questions (58)
  - Focus on desired outcome
- Guidance notes



#### **Readiness Assessment Process**



### REDD Countries Perform an inclusive Self-Assessment

- Participatory and inclusive
- Builds on practices established during readiness phase
  - e.g., Strategic Environmental and Social Assessment
- FMT guidance document includes good practice on assessment preparation, implementation, and communication of its outcome



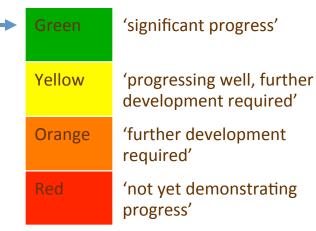






### REDD Countries compile the R-Package and report results of the self-assessment

- Summary of readiness preparation process
  - Including how issues identified at mid-term were addressed
- Report on the multi-stakeholder self-assessment
- Assessment results for each subcomponent
  - Synthesis of the overall achievement
  - Analysis of strengths and weaknesses
  - Actions going forward
- References to key products
  - REDD+ Strategy
  - REL/RL, MRV technical report
  - Environmental and Social Management Framework
  - Feedback and Grievance Redress Mechanism
- Delivery Partner reviews quality of outputs as part of grant implementation supervision
- Supporting documents compiled on a website



## The Result of typical Multi-Stakeholder Readiness Self-Assessment



### PC receives input from independent experts

- A Technical Advisory Panel (TAP)
- Performs an independent desk review (guided by the Assessment Framework)
- Provides targeted feedback
- Highlights strengths and weaknesses
- Proposes actions going forward
- The role of the TAP is not to second-guess the countries' comprehensive multi-stakeholder self-assessment.
- Rather focus on whether a due process and approach was followed to perform the selfassessment and provide constructive feedback.







# The Readiness Assessment comes before final decisions on programs under the Carbon Fund

- Readiness progress is reviewed before the submission of a Carbon Fund emission reduction programs, but with more focus on implementation
  - Safeguards
  - Benefit sharing arrangements
  - Reference levels and forest monitoring
- The R-Package review informs the development and assessment of FCPF Carbon Fund Programs
  - Vice versa: the preparation of an Emission Reduction
     Program for the Carbon Fund provides focus for national readiness preparation activities



### **Key Points**

- R-Package endorsement is one of several Carbon Fund requirements
  - R-Package is voluntary for the Readiness Fund
  - Endorsement is necessary, but not sufficient, for Carbon Fund
  - ER Programs are comprehensively assessed by the World Bank,
     TAP, Carbon Fund Participants
  - Methodological Framework stipulates technical, programmatic requirements
- Readiness assessment is structured, but flexible
  - Tailored to country-specific context
  - Consistent with UNFCCC and Warsaw REDD Framework
- After endorsement
  - REDD countries continue to report regularly to the PC
  - Delivery Partner continues to supervise grant implementation



## PC21 Action: Resolution sought on Readiness Package Endorsement

- Review, discuss and recognize Mexico's progress
  - Consider input from TAP, World Bank grant reporting and other input
- Provide feedback
  - Strengths and weaknesses
- Encourage actions going forward
- The resolution recognizes the readiness progress achieved
  - This constitutes 'endorsement' as per FCPF Charter
- After the plenary, a facilitated contact group
  - Reviews a draft resolution and collates key feedback from plenary

