A brief history of REDD Temesgen Yohanes SESA Task Force member

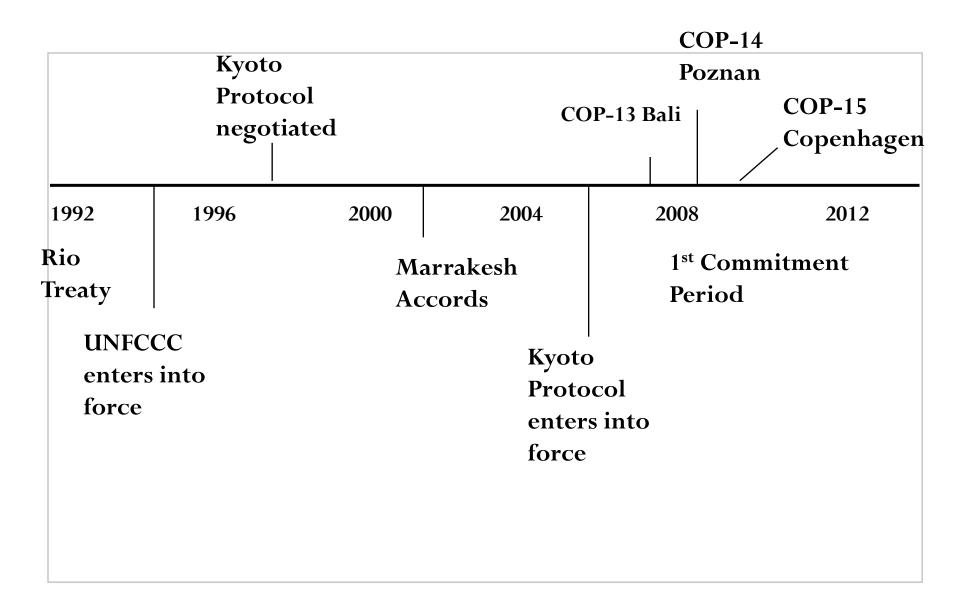
A brief history of REDD

- Early 1990s: Deforestation 1/5 of GHG emissions
- 2001 COP7: Avoided deforestation too difficult to include in CDM (+ no additionality). Only A/R
- 2005 COP11: 2 year consultation period for RED
- 2006: Stern report says REDD is big & cheap (& easy?)
- 2007 COP13: RED(D) included in Bali Action Plan
- 2007: Norway's Climate-Forest initiative, NOK 15 billions
- 2008+: FCPF (World Bank), UNREDD, other initiatives

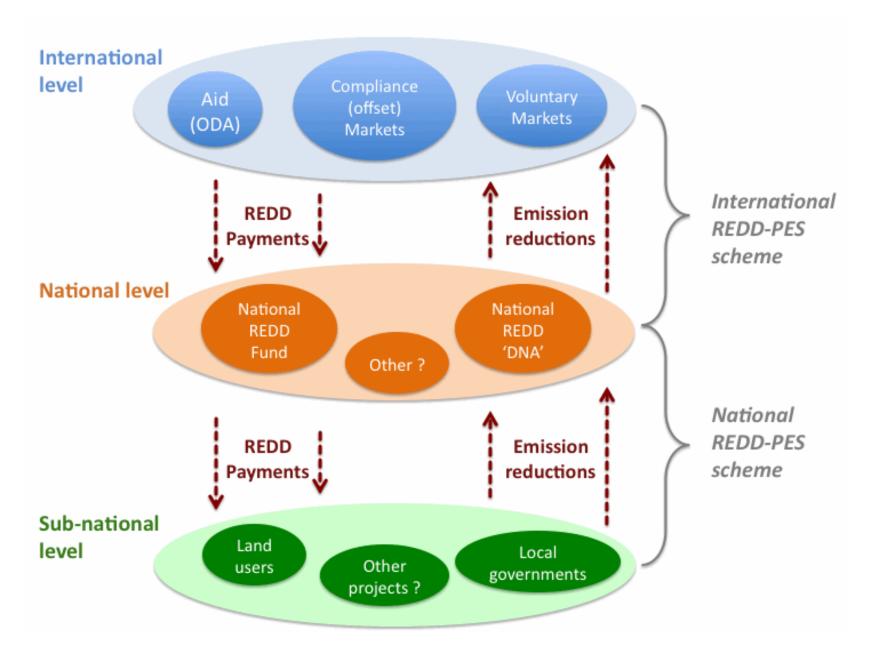
A brief history of REDD

- 2009 COP15: some progress for REDD+, interim financing
- **2010:** COP 16 confirms earlier decisions on REDD+; safeguards and Ref. levels; REDD+ partnership
- **2011:** COP 17: REDD part of commitment for all parties? Financing to be explored. Pilots and national policy reforms
- 2012: COP 18 and SBSTA not much new, a lot of bracket text for safeguards, MRV etc. verification problem
- 2013: SBSTA progress on MRV, Verification solved, progress on financing, but in fact not much new commitment

Key International Climate Negotiations



The Core Idea of REDD+



The Phased Approach (Meridian 2009, UNFCCC)

	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3
Activities	National REDD strategy development, including, inter alia: Institutional strengthening Demonstration activities	National REDD strategy implementation, including, inter alia: •Land tenure reforms •Forest law enforcement •PES	Consolidation of REDD strategy implementation, including, inter alia: •Improved forest management •Supply chain modernization
Performance Indicators	 Assessment completed Consultations conducted Strategy adopted Capacities in place for implementation and monitoring 	 Policies enacted Measures enforced Proxies monitored for changes in emissions and/or removals GHG reductions from demonstration activities 	Quantified emission reductions and/or removal enhancements (tCO2-e)
Financing	Immediately available	Predictable amounts over a defined period	Large-scale funding