LINKING PROJECT LEVEL REDD+ TO THE NATIONAL PROGRAMME

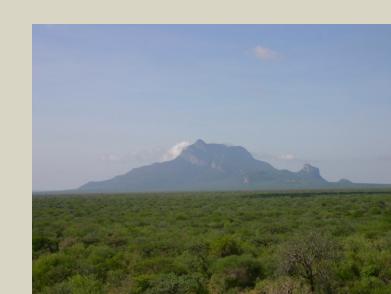
Experiences from Kenya Bryan Adkins Jakarta June, 2014





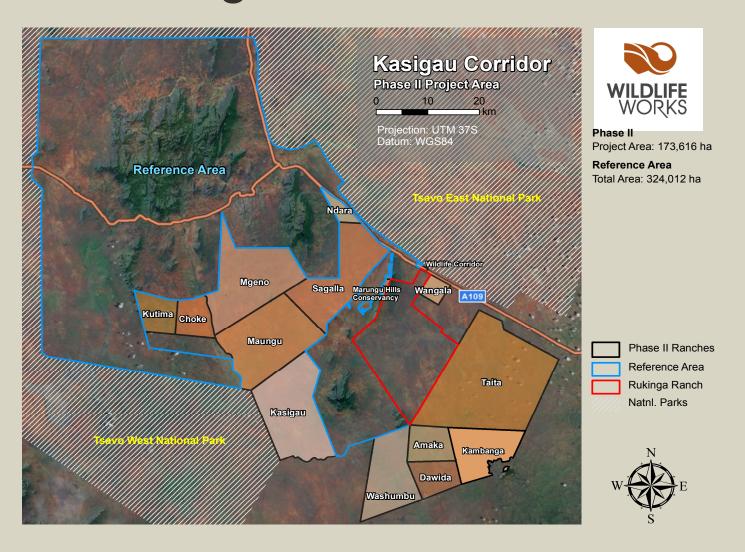
Wildlife Works Carbon and the Kasigau Corridor REDD+ Project

- Dryland woodland
- 200,000 ha
- 2 Phases
- 325 fulltime employees
- High biodiversity
- 3rd year of fully operating project
- Expanding by a further 100,000
- Part of portfolio of expansion:
 Kenya and DRC

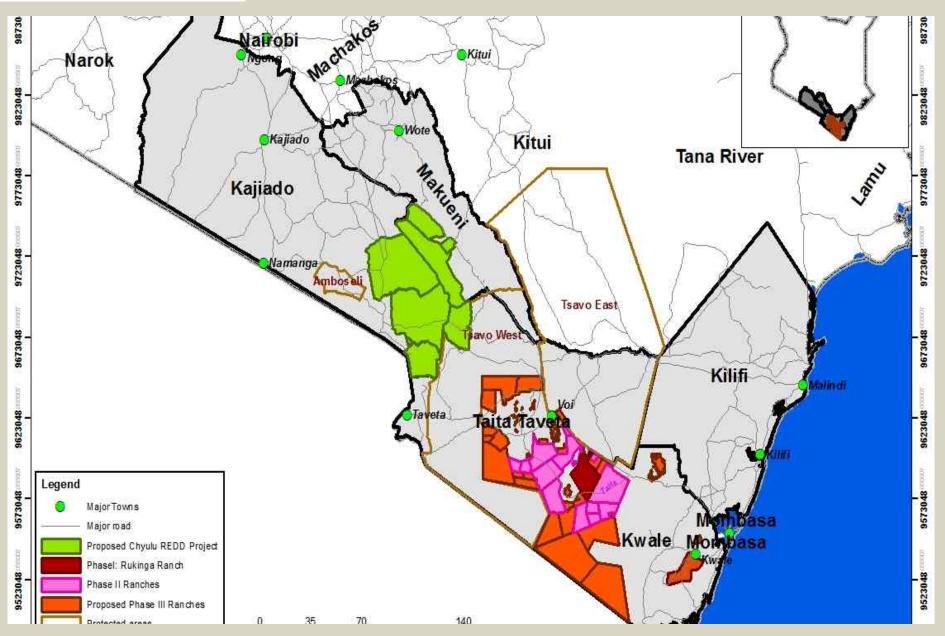




The Kasigau Corridor



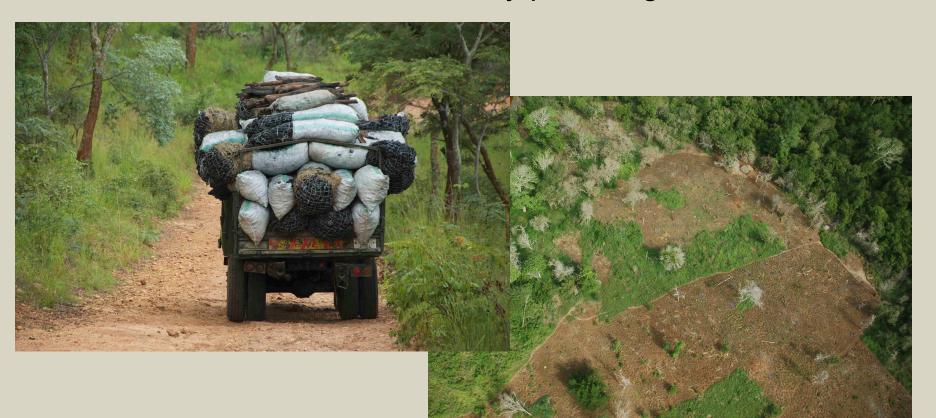






Drivers of Deforestation / Conversion

- Illegal charcoal production
- Swidden agriculture
- Intense commercial biodiversity poaching





Key Interventions

- Alternative livelihood creation
- Agriculture Intensification
- Trees on farms
- Community projects
- Eco-charcoal
- Continuous monitoring
- Active Enforcement





Livelihood creation



Jobs in: skilled labour, enforcement, MRV, operations support, SMEs





Intensification and Trees on Farms









Biodiversity, Carbon and Social Impact

Monitoring





Strategic Partnerships

























Linkages to National Program

- Benefit Distribution Design
- Use of conservation easements
- Ongoing involvement in the design of the national program through input into SESA, SLEEK processes etc.
- REL design and jurisdictional accounting options (White Paper)
- Policy engagement
- Lessons learned being generated and published: (<u>http://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/</u> 10.1080/14693062.2014.905440#.U3muRmdZrIU)



Challenges and Opportunities

- Market forces
- Lack of National Strategy/Programme in place limits market
- Need for bilateral funding agreements to access capital
- Conflicting, emerging land uses/policy changes





Any questions?

